The Adams Sentinel.

At $2 00 per annum, in advance—
Or $2 50 if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements, $1 per square for 3 weeks;
25 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. XLIX. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1848. NO. 2.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday the 18th of November next,

THE subscriber will positively sell in Taneytown, at the Public Square, the following valuable Real Estate, situate in Carroll county, Maryland, to wit:

NO. 1.

A FARM,

CONTAINING

200 *Acres of Land,*

two miles north of Taneytown, on the main road leading from Gettysburg, Pa., to Baltimore city. This farm is handsomely situated, well watered, convenient to Mills, Churches and Schools. Two-thirds of which is cleared land under fence, and the balance in first rate TIMBER. The improvements consist of a

TWO-STORY
DOUBLE LOG HOUSE,

DAIRY, and a large LOG BARN, in good order, with Shedding attached.

NO. 2.

A FARM,

containing 125 ACRES, unimproved,—adjoining No 1. This property is beautifully situated, well watered, and has an abundance of first-rate TIMBER, and other material thereon for building. About 40 acres are cleared, and the balance in the best of Timber.

NO. 3.

A Tract of first-rate

WOODLAND,

adjoining the other two tracts, containing 50 ACRES, which will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, or, if desired, the three tracts will be sold together.

No. 4.—A Tract of Land,

adjoining Taneytown on the North, known as the Cromwell lot, containing TEN ACRES.

No. 5.—A Lot of Land,

adjoining Taneytown on the North, known as the Crapster lot, containing FIVE ACRES.

No. 6.—The Two Acre Lot,

situated in Taneytown, on York street, now in the occupancy of Michael Clapsaddle.

No. 7.—THE BRICK HOUSE,

and LOT OF GROUND, adjoining No 6, in which Michael Clapsaddle resides. This property would be desirable to a mechanic wishing to go into the Blacksmith, Wagon or Carriage-making business, as there is a good opening for either of the above to an enterprising man—There is a large new Frame BLACKSMITH SHOP, with two fires therein, on the property. Also, a good well of water in the yard, and a number of bearing FRUIT TREES of every variety.

No. 8—That Store House

and valuable property, situated on the North West corner of the Square in Taneytown, now in the occupancy of Levi Buffington, Esq.—This property is the best business stand in the town, and is desirable on that account. Any person wishing to commence merchandising in the County, would do well to look at the above property, as perhaps there is no town in the State of the same population, and as little enterprise, sells as many goods.

Also, at the same time, I will sell that Valuable

FARM,

on which Jacob Newcomer resides, known as the "Ecker Farm," situated on the main road leading from Taneytown to Uniontown, nearly equally distant between the two places. This property contains

150 ACRES,

under good fencing, well watered, and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two-Story

LOG HOUSE,

with a BACK BUILDING, a Spring House near the dwelling, a Double Log BARN, Cow Stable, and a first-rate

ORCHARD,

with a great variety of Fruit Trees.

It is unnecessary to say more, as it is expected that persons wishing to purchase will view the property for themselves. The subscriber will take pleasure in showing the property and giving any information to persons by calling on him at his residence, near Taneytown.

An indisputable title will be given, and the sale positive and without reserve.

A. G. EGE.

Oct. 2. ts

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on advantageous terms,

A FARM,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Robert Sheckley, William Bailey, and William Hamilton, within three miles of Gettysburg, containing

184 Acres and 91 Perches.

There are about 50 Acres of WOODLAND, and the rest under good cultivation. There are TWO

Dwelling Houses

on the Farm; a Double LOG BARN newly covered, with sheds around it: two wells of water, with a pump in one of them; a sufficient quantity of Fruit Trees, such as Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry. There is Meadow sufficient to make 60 tons of Hay yearly.—About 1500 bushels of Lime have been put on the farm, and about 2,000 Chestnut rails.

The Farm would suit to be divided into two Tracts, both as to clear and wood land.

Any person wishing to purchase, will be shown the farm, by Henry Trostle, residing thereon.

The terms will be made known by the subscriber. GEORGE TROSTLE.

July 31. tf

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Straban township will meet at the house of JOHN L. GRASS, in Hunterstown, on *Saturday the 18th inst.*, at one o'clock, P. M., to receive Proposals for the Public Schools of said Township.

By order of the Board,
WM. F. WALTER, *Sec'y.*

Nov. 6. td

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of a writ of *levari facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on

Saturday the 18th of November next,

at the Court-house in the borough of Gettysburg, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following Real Estate, to wit: A certain Messuage or

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa, adjoining lands of James M'Ilhenny, David Roth, Henry Heagy, and others, containing

103 Acres & 6 Perches,

more or less, on which are erected

A ONE STORY
LOG HOUSE.

Log BARN, Blacksmith Shop, Spring House, and other improvements. There is also an ORCHARD of good Fruit Trees on the premises. A good portion of the property consists of Meadow—all being in a good state of cultivation. Seized and taken in execution as the estate of JOSEPH KELLY.

WILLIAM FICKES, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 30, 1848. td

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of a writ of *Vendituoni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale,

On Saturday the 18th of November next,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court-house, in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following Real Estate, to wit:

ONE LOT OF GROUND,

situate in Petersburg, Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., containing 5 ACRES, more or less, on which are erected a Two-Story

WEATHERBOARDED
TAVERN-HOUSE,

large Back-Buildings attached thereto, Double Log and Frame Barn, with Threshing-floor; Ice house, and other outbuildings. There is an excellent ORCHARD belonging to the premises, and an excellent well of water, with a pump in it, near the buildings. The property is located within one mile of York Springs, and is one of the most desirable properties in the County. It fronts the Carlisle and Hanover turnpike on the east, the State road on the South, and adjoins the church-yard of the Presbyterian Church on the North east, and lots of Elizabeth Gardner on the North-west. Seized and taken in execution as the estate of JOHN WEAKLEY.

WILLIAM FICKES, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 30, 1848. td

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the *ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS* of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Monday the 20th day of November next*, viz:

The account of Henry Wertz, Executor of the last will and testament of Jesse Wertz, deceased.

The account of Peter Shanefelter, Guardian of the minor children of the said Peter Shanefelter

The account of Ann Weaver, Executrix of the last will and testament of Jacob Weaver, deceased, rendered by Abraham Krise, Administrator of said Ann Weaver, deceased.

The first account of Henry Snyder and Joseph R. Snyder, Executors of the last will and testament of John Snyder, deceased.

The first and final account of Henry A. Picking, Administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed, of Jacob Kimmel, deceased.

The first and final account of Philip Beamer, sen., and Jacob Schlosser, Administrators of the estate of Christian Baltzley, deceased.

The third and final account of John Deardorff, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Sherfy, deceased.

The first and final account of Alexander Cobean, Administrator of the estate of Jane Cobean, deceased.

The first and final account of Alexander Cobean, Administrator of the estate of Rosannah Cobean, deceased.

ROBERT COBEAN, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 23, 1848. tc

Fall Ginghams.

FRENCH, Scotch, Earlston and Domestic Ginghams, some of which are high colors, and small figures for children's wear, for sale very low, at

D. MIDDLECOFF'S.

Oct. 16. tf

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed at the last Court of Quarter Sessions of Adams County *Commissioners* to inquire into the propriety of erecting a NEW TOWNSHIP *out of parts of Menallen and Franklin townships*, hereby give notice that they will meet to commence the discharge of the duties of their appointment, on *Tuesday the 14th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the point upon the Road from Gettysburg to Carlisle, where the Road leading to Trostle's Mill intersects the same*—at which time and place all persons interested in said view are requested to attend.

DAVID M. MYERS,
NICHOLAS HELTZELL,
JACOB DILLONE.

Oct. 23. td

Turnpike Election.

THE stockholders in the *Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company* will take notice that an

ELECTION

will be held in Gettysburg, on *Monday the 13th of November next*, for the purpose of choosing, by a majority of the said Stockholders, by ballot, to be delivered in person, or by proxy duly authorized, *One President, Six Managers*, and *One Treasurer*, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary to conduct the business of said Company for the ensuing year.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Sec'y.*

Oct. 9. tc

A variety of Blanks,

Constantly on hand and for sale at this Office.

Poetry.

"IT IS NOT ALWAYS NIGHT."

The heart chilled by adversity, or languishing in sorrow, may find consolation and peace in the thought which forms the caption of this article, and which we find so beautifully woven into the harmony of numbers, by our cotemporary, WILLIAM C. RICHARDS, Esq., Editor of the Southern Literary Messenger.

It is not always night! Though darkness reign
In gloomy silence o'er the slumbering earth,
The hastening dawn will bring the light again,
And call the glories of the day to birth!
The sun withdraws awhile his blessed light,
To shine again—it is not always night!

The voices of the storm may fill the sky,
And tempest sweep the earth with angry wing;
But the fierce winds in gentle murmurings die,
And freshened beauty to the world they bring:
The after calm is sweeter and more bright;
Though storms arise, it is not always night!

The night of Nature, and the night of Storm,
Are emblems both of shadows on the heart;
Which fall and chill its currents quick and warm,
And bid the light of peace and joy depart:
A thousand shapes hath sorrow to affright
The soul of man, and shroud his hopes in night.

Yet, when the darkest, saddest hour is come,
And grim despair would seize his shrinking heart,
The dawn of hope breaks on the heavy gloom,
And one by one the shadows will depart:
As storm and darkness yield to calm and light,
So with the heart—it is not always night!

Miscellaneous.

RESPECT TO AGE.

There is a story of an occurrence at Athens, during the celebration of games in honor of a god, illustrative of the respect paid by the Lacedemonians to old age. The seats in the theatre were crowded, and an old man entering late, found no seat. Some young men beckoned him towards them, and offered him a seat; but as he advanced they sat closer together, making the vacant seat further along, as he approached it, so as to excite the laughter of the audience.—There were departments in the theatre devoted to foreigners, and as the old man approached the seats of the Lacedemonians they all arose. The Athenians, with characteristic impetuosity, cheered their courteous neighbors with tremendous applause, and the old man turning around remarked: "The Athenians *know* the right, the Lacedemonians *do* it."

The present age might learn a lesson from the Lacedemonians. The politeness every where shown to ladies, makes a poor excuse for the inattention to old age. In steamboats, railroad cars, hotels, and elsewhere, an old man receives but a passing glance, and it is not an unfrequent occurrence to see a man scarcely able to walk, supporting himself in a car by the back of a seat, which a young, strong man, occupies near him. We saw a lady give up her seat once, in such a case, and half a dozen chairs were instantly offered her by gentlemen who had remained motionless before.—Americans know what is politeness, if they do not practice it.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

Old Friends.—He who never forgets his old friends, and cherishes his attachment for them as warmly as ever, no matter how much time, space, or fortune have kept them apart, is one of those rare beings with whom Heaven has endowed the earth, that society may not utterly wither, through the influence of ingratitude, selfishness, and incessant changes in life. As you advance in life, make new acquaintances, but never forget old friends. How much happier the human race would be if they followed this advice; those who parted, meeting after long absence, not with lessened interest in each other, as now, but as brothers meet brothers, their affections more glowing than ever.—*Boston Museum.*

Saying of a Dying Man.—The late Professor Caldwell, of Dickinson College, a short time before his death, addressed his wife as follows: "You will not, I am sure, lie down upon your bed and weep when I am gone. You will not mourn for me when God has been so good to me. And when you visit the spot where I lie, do not choose a sad and mournful time; do not go in the shade of the evening, or in the dark night.—These are no times to visit the grave of a Christian; but go in the morning, in the bright sunshine, and when the birds are singing."

Domestic Economy.—"Men talk in raptures," says Witherspoon, "of youth and beauty, wit and sprightliness, and a hundred other shining qualities, but after seven years' union, not one of them is to be compared to good family management, which is seen at every meal, and felt at every hour in the husband's purse." There is much in this sentence that deserves the attention of our female readers. Home and its duties should have the first place in the consideration of every wife and mother.

Never find fault with girls, very young girls in particular, if they are decided romps; but be thankful that they have the health and spirits for romping. Better be a romp, than have a narrow chest and flushed cheek.

CAPITAL ORIGINAL HUMOR.

Once upon a time, or to be a little more particular, nearly half a century ago, (for the editor of this paper well remembers the time, place, and scene, which are firmly fixed upon his boyish recollections,) there dwelt in the town of ———, in Old England, a remarkable oddity, in the person of an attorney at law, who although not fair to look upon, (for he was in truth one of the homeliest specimens of humanity ever beheld by mortal man,) was withal a person of sound judgment, great benevolence, various learning, a poet, a painter, and a wit of no mean order. It so happened that the aforesaid gentleman, G——G———, Esq., was appointed High Sheriff of the town of ———. He was a man of fortune, and had a kind heart, as many a poor prisoner could testify, who partook of the good cheer with which the prisoners were liberally supplied at Christmas and other well known festivals, from the private purse of the High Sheriff. That he was a very great wag, is clearly indicated by the character and complexion of the Juries he selected during the course of a year, which we give below.

The Weighty Jury.—It was of course the duty of the High Sheriff to summon a Grand and Petit Jury, to attend at the Quarter Sessions of which the Recorder, Mayor and Alderman, of the borough, composed the Court. In the performance of his official duty in summoning the petit jury, our High Sheriff indulged in some of the strangest and drollest freaks, that has probably ever been heard of in any town or country. In the first place, he summoned for the October court, a jury consisting of twelve of the fattest men he could find in the borough, and when they came to the book to be sworn, it appeared that only nine jurors could sit comfortably within the box!—After a great deal of sweating, squeezing and scolding, the pannel was literally jammed into the box, and when seated they presented to the eye of the court, the barrister and audience, "the tightest fit" of a jury that was ever seen in any court room. Literally they became, much to the amusement of the Court and its robed advocates, "a packed jury," and no mistake!

The Lean and Lank Jury.—For the January term, our facetious High Sheriff (in consequence, it was said, of some hint from the Recorder that there should be no more fat pannels summoned to his court) went into the opposite extreme.—He summoned twelve of the *leanest and tallest* men he could find in the borough; and when they took their seats in the box, it appeared comparatively empty—there was indeed room enough for twelve more of the same sort and dimensions.

The Barber-ous Jury.—For the April term of the Court, our humorous functionary summoned a jury consisting of twelve barbers! Now it so happened that among the latter were the very peruquiers who dressed the Recorder's and Barrister's wigs, and some of the latter, arriving late at the bar, had to appear that morning in Court with their wigs undressed, or half dressed, so as to cut a very ridiculous figure, amidst the smiles and half suppressed laughter of the bystanders. The High Sheriff of course enjoyed the fun amazingly, but looked "grave as a judge," while he tried to keep silence in the court room.

The Squinting Jury.—But the crowning joke of this waggish functionary occurred at the summoning of his fourth and last Jury, at the summer sessions in July. For that term of the Court, the High Sheriff, not having the fear of the Recorder, the Mayor and Aldermen, before his eyes, actually summoned a Squinting Jury! twelve as queer looking bipeds as ever took their seats in a jury box—a jury that was probably more looked at and laughed at, than any of the appointed twelve that ever were sworn, to "well and truly try and true deliverance make between their sovereign Lord the King and the prisoner at the bar."

But the scene was so irresistibly droll, that the learned Recorder could not maintain his gravity. The Mayor and Aldermen followed suit. The Barristers laughed while their wigs became bald and powderless; nay, even the poor prisoners in the dock, who were to be put upon their trials, and some of them undergo transportation, could not refrain from joining in the general cachinnation! And when the learned Recorder commanded the High Sheriff to bring the Court room to order, and intimated, with a half-suppressed laugh, that the latter ought to be ashamed of himself for summoning *such a jury*, the drollery of this court scene was heightened considerably by the quick, ready, and sonorous response of the High Sheriff, who, looking at the same time waggishly at the squinting jury, exclaimed—"All good and lawful men, your Honor!"

But our humorous functionary has long since "shuffled off his mortal coil."

"Where be your gibes now? your gambols? your songs? your flashes of merriment that were wont to set the table in a roar?—quite chapfallen!"—*Washington City Evening News.*

WASHINGTON IN 1801.

One can scarcely credit the description of Washington city, as Mrs. Adams found it in 1801. "Here and there," she writes, "is a small cot, without a glass window, interspersed among the forests, through which you travel for miles without seeing a single human being. The house is upon a grand and superb scale, requiring about thirty servants to attend and keep the apartments in order. I could content myself almost any where for three months; but surrounded by forests, can you believe that wood is not to be had, because people cannot be found to cut it? The house is made habitable, but there is not a single apartment finished. We have not the least fence, yard, or other convenience without, and the great *unfinished audience room* I make a drying room of, to hang up clothes in. It is a beautiful spot, capable of every improvement, and the more I view it, the more am I delighted with it."

The "great unfinished audience room," which Mrs. Adams speaks of, is the famous East room of the White House.

A STRANGE STORY.

The last Glasgow (Mo.) News, tells a strange story of one of the early settlers of Saline county. He was a Frenchman, who about twenty years ago became dissatisfied with the prospects before him, and left his wife and daughter, to seek other means of mending his fortune.—For several years the wife and daughter awaited his return, till even affection compelled them to think him dead.—They struggled along in poverty until the daughter grew to womanhood and married, as did also the mother—both of them remaining in straightened circumstances. Last week, however, an old grey headed man went to the humble dwelling of the daughter, and after surveying her with deep emotion for a few minutes, said: "Do you know the name of your father?" to which she replied by giving it. "Then," said he, "I am your father!" After their mutual greetings, he brought in two bags of gold, containing $40,000, and gave them to his daughter, and offered her husband the best farm he could find in the neighborhood. He knew his daughter by a scar on the forehead, from a wound received when a child. It is not stated what arrangements were made with his wife.

Perseverance.—"Persevere, persevere," said an old lady friend of ours to her "help," "it is the only way you can accomplish great things."

One day, eight apple dumplings were sent down stairs, and they all disappeared. "Sally, where are those dumplings?"

"I managed to get through them, ma'am."

"Why how on earth did you contrive to eat so many dumplings?"

"By persevering, ma'am," answered Sally.

Love's Forgetfulness.—It is said that poor men always make love better than those who are rich, because, having less to care about, and not being puffed up with their own consequence, they are not selfish, and think more of the lady than themselves. Young ladies also, who fall in love, never consider whether there is sufficient "to support the *cuisine.*" Probably young ladies in love lose their appetites, and not feeling inclined to eat at that time, they imagine that love will always supply the want of food. They discover their mistake after the honeymoon, when their appetites return.

Man doubles all the evils of his fate by pondering over them. A scratch becomes a wound, a slight an injury, a jest an insult, a small peril a great danger, and a slight sickness often ends in death, by the brooding apprehensions of the sick. We should always look on the bright side of life's picture.

Turning the Look Out.—The St. Louis Reveille tells a good story about Capt. Alexander Scott, long and well known as having been a very vigilant officer on the Western Waters. "At night," says the Reveille, "his favorite look out was on the capstan, right opposite the furnace. One night, after severe toil, he fell into a doze upon his seat, during which time some wags cautiously and silently turned the capstan, until the sleeper's face was opposite the boilers: when an alarm was given, and the furnace doors thrown open suddenly. The captain started up, was met by the flash, and cried out in a voice of thunder, "Back her! back her! a seven boiler boat is right into us."

Years may pass over our heads without affording an opportunity for acts of high beneficence or extensive utility; whereas not a day passes, but, in the common transactions of life, and especially in the intercourse of domestic society, gentleness finds place for causing the happiness of others, and strengthening in ourselves the habit of true virtue.—*Blair.*

Dr. Franklin says—"He who rises late may trot all day, but never overtake his business."

Important Indian Treaty.—General Medill, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, has just concluded a treaty with the Menominee Indians, whereby the United States acquires a title to 4,000,000 acres of land in Wisconsin, embracing some valuable territory on the Fox and Wisconsin rivers. It includes Little and Big Bull Falls, Whitnep's Mills, and parts of Brown, Portage and Wisconsin counties, as represented in the recent maps of the Territory. The canal could not be made, because the Indians owned much of the land. It has now been bought; and two days after the making of the treaty, two hundred squatters had laid their claims. The land is very rich and valuable. The treaty is a very fair one for both parties. The Indians get about $300,000, and out of this a specific sum is set apart for a manual labor school, a grist mill, blacksmith shop, and the support of a miller for fifteen years. The present annuities of this tribe cease in 1857. Gen. Medill arranged it so as to commence the payment thereafter in annual payments, so that the Indians cannot squander their money and yet have it as they need it.

New England and the Cholera.—The Boston Daily Advertiser contains a letter from Dr. C. T. Jackson, in which he expresses the opinion that the Asiatic cholera will not prevail in New England to any considerable extent. He founds this opinion on the known geological character of that region. He says that the cities situated on limestone or tertiary soils have always suffered most severely from this scourge; while the primary or granite regions have never been visited to any considerable extent.

From the fact that it has never visited the granite countries of Switzerland or Tyrol, in Europe, while it followed the calcareous districts around; and since it did not occur in the primary districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts, while it did follow the calcareous formations through Canada, New York, Ohio, and along the Mississippi, Dr. Jackson infers that the calcareous soil, or water, has much to do with the production of the disease.

A Startling Fact.—The celebrated Dr. Mott, in an opening lecture at the University of New York, last Monday evening, it is stated, asserted distinctly, that of the thirty thousand deaths which occurred in our army during the Mexican war, one-third at least were caused by the want of timely medical and surgical treatment. Such was the fact, he said, and he hoped it would be a warning to government, never again to enter into a war without providing that our gallant soldiers shall be secured from neglect.

Horrible Mystery.—According to the Orleanian, a barrel was lately taken from the Mississippi river, supposed to contain wine or liquor of some description, and on being opened, a frightful sight presented itself to the eyes of the spectators—the bodies of two white persons, covered with lime, with no traces of the features remaining. It was conjectured that they were male and female, or perhaps two females: but the long hair on the skull of one of the exhumed victims, served as the only remaining clew to the discovery of the sex.

Acts not Resolutions.—In conversation with a worthy and sensible gentleman at the Synod of Virginia, on the insufficiency of more *resolutions*, said he, "I have read a book called the Acts of the Apostles! I have not seen their book of *resolutions* yet!—*Watchman.*

The women of Poland have a watchful eye over their daughters, and make them wear little bells on their persons, to denote where they are and what they are about.

A man's reputation has been very aptly compared to a sheet of white paper; if it be once blotted, it can hardly ever be made to look as white as before. Apologists of youthful immoralities should thing of this.

Never despise trifles. The nerve of a tooth is a little thing, but disturb it, and it may drive a Webster crazy. A pin-scratch is but a trifle, yet it has sometimes led to death.

The glory of a good man is the testimony of a good conscience; have that, and thou wilt have inward peace in the midst of troubles.

Love and Marriage.—"Never marry but for love," says William Penn, in his Reflections and Maxims, "but see that thou lovest what is lovely."

Increase of the Population.—Since the 2d of April, 148,477 emigrants have arrived at New York alone, from the European continent and Great Britain;—nearly *one hundred and fifty thousand* in less than seven months!

Sausages.—Cits's Advertiser says that the Messrs. Bogen, of Cincinnati, have cut 10,000 hogs in the last twelve months into sausages, and that they weighed two millions of pounds.

Where our desires are unreasonable, we must expect disappointments.

☞ The following letter from Major JACK DOWNING, though written before the election, will be read with satisfaction after it:

MAJOR DOWNING DISCOURAGED.

Private report to James K. Polk, President of America and his part of Mexico, and would a been President of the whole of Mexico if he hadn't give up one half of it.

TELEGRAPH WIRES, Oct. 31, 1848.

DEAR COLONEL:—I've been stumping it round all over the lot for two or three months, tight and tight, for our American friend, Gineral Cass, and as I spose you are very anxious and uneasy to know how it's coming out, I thought I would set down and make out a private report and send it on to you, giving you some of the premonitory symptoms, so that when the afterclap comes, you may be a little prepared for it, and not feel so bad. As I said afore, I've been all around the lot, sometimes by the steamboats, sometimes by the railroads, and sometimes by the telegraph, and when there wasn't no other way to go, I footed it. And I'm satisfied the jig is up with us, and it's no use in my trying any longer; and Mr. Buchanan's speech was all throwed away too. I'm very sure we shall get *some* of the States, but I'll be hanged if I can tell which ones.—There isn't a single State that I should dare to bet upon alone, but taking 'em all in the lump, I should still stick out strong for half a dozen at least. I see where all the difficulty is, as plain as day. You may depend upon it, we should elect Gineral Cass easy enough if it wasn't for Gineral Taylor; but he stands peskily in the way, jest as much as he stood in the way of the Mexicans at Bony Vista. As for Mr. Van Buren, if he stood agin us alone, we should tread him all to atoms; he couldn't make no headway at all, especially after we got the nomination at Baltimore. Jest between you and me, I don't think much of Mr. Van Buren now. I don't believe now he ever *was* a Democrat. I think he only made believe all the time; and I'd bet two to one *he's only making believe now.* I wish the Old Gineral, dear old Hickory that's dead and gone, could be here now to have the handling of him for a little while; if he didn't bring him into the traces I wouldn't guess agin.

But, as I said afore, Gineral Taylor is peskily in the way all over the country. First, I thought I would figure round in some of the strong Whig districts; for, thinks I, if I can make our friends show a bold front for Cass there, it will be such a wet blanket for the Whigs that they'll give it up. Well, I called a public meeting, without distinction of party; and I put it to 'em strong for Cass and the Constitution, and Californy, forever. They all listened, and every little while they hurra'd and clapped; and thinks I, the tide is turning, I'm going to carry this place all holler, Whigs and all. But when I got through an old rusty-faced farmer, away back in one corner, got up and looked around, and says he—"Three cheers for Zachary Taylor." Thunder and cannon! if there was'nt a roar, set me down for a liar. Why, Colonel, I haint heard nothin like it since the storming of Chapultepec. It took me right off my feet. I see at once the battle was all agin us there, and thought I better make my escape under the smoke of it as fast as possible. At first I felt rather bad about. And then again I thought I ought to have expect it, for I knew the Whigs had voted that Gineral Taylor was a Whig, and had made up their minds to go for him. So I streaked it off for a strong Democratic district; for I found our main dependence must be among our own friends. Here I called a mass meeting without distinction of party, for I was sure we should get up such a roar for Cass that the Whigs would be dumfounded, and be pretty likely to fall in with us. Well, how do you think it worked? I made a rearin speech for Cass; told 'em what a great statesman and great warrior he was; and how he had proved the former by offering to swallow all Mexico, and how he had proved the latter by breakin his sword in a passion; and more than all that, since the nomination at Baltimore he was the best Democrat in the country. And now, says I, my friends, three cheers for Cass, Constitution, and Californy. Well, they gin three good loud cheers, and I thought that nail was well drove and clinched. Then a blacksmith, with a smutty nose and a leather apron on, gets up and sings out, "Nine cheers for old Rough and Ready!" And, by jingo, it went like a hurricane; full twice as loud and three times as many as the cheers for Cass. I had a good mind to cut and run, and give it all up. But at last I plucked up courage and faced the storm. I called out to the blacksmith, and says I, my friend, when we called this meeting without distinction of party, it was all meant for Gineral Cass, the Democratic candidate, and it's very handsome for a Whig to come here and interrupt us in this way.

"You take me for a Whig, do you?" says he.

"To be sure I do," says I, "You are no Democrat to act in this way."

At this he reddened up, so that the smut on his face turned blacker than it was before, and says he, "I'd have you know, sir, I'm as good a Democrat as you are. My father and mother was Democrats before me. I was born and bred a Democrat; and I mean to live and die a Democrat, but I go for old Rough and Ready, let who will go agin him." Then he called out agin for nine cheers for old Rough and Ready; and the way they roared 'em out was a caution. I see it was no use talking about Whigs and Democrats, I must try some other hook.

So I cruised round on the Free-Soil Territory, and got up meetings, and preached up the Wilmot Proviso hot and heavy, and told 'em Gineral Cass would go for it all his might to the day of his death. Then I thought I would get 'em on the hip in a way they couldn't help giving me a rousing hurra, so I called out "Three cheers for Free-Soil and Gineral Cass!" Well, the three cheers come as quick and as true as Paddy's echo, for it was, "Three cheers for Free-Soil and Gineral Taylor!"

I begun to think the only chance for us was to try to carry the South. So I wheeled about, and turned about, and jumped Jim Crow, in the slave States. I told 'em they must stir round and elect Gineral Cass, or the whole slavery business would be upset; but if they would only elect him they might feel safe, for they had his letters to show that he was in favor of upholding slavery all weathers, and of carrying it into every Territory we could lay our hands on. They all answered me very coolly, that they had much rather trust a straight-forward Southern man, that they knew had no tricks about him, than to trust a Northern man with Southern principles; and they reckoned, on the whole, they should go for Gineral Taylor. As a last chance, I thought I would try to rouse 'em up in old Pennsylvany. So I went to 'em, and told 'em their coal and iron was in danger, and the only way for 'em to save it was to elect Gineral Cass, who would protect it to the bat's end, for he was as good a tariff man as Henry Clay. At that, every one of 'em, Quakers, and Germans, and Dutchmen, and all, put their finger agin the side of their nose, and said, "Friend, we tried a tariff man last time, but we didn't save our coal and iron by it; so we have made up our minds to go for *an honest man* this time—we are going for Zachary Taylor."

By this time I was convinced the game was up, and it was no use to stump it any longer. We've got into the current where we can't help ourselves, and are going down over the Falls of Niagara as fast as we can go; and I hope you and all the rest of our party will be as calm and composed, and considerate, as the Indian that went down over them awful falls a great many years ago. He tugged and pulled his canoe against the current, with all his might, till he found there was no chance left, and then he laid down his paddle, and took up his bottle of rum, and sot down quietly in the bottom of the canoe, and tipped the bottle up to his mouth, and sot and drinked, and took the good of it, till he pitched head over heels down the falls, and went out of sight forever.

Now, my last advice to you, dear Colonel, and to all our friends, and especially to dear old Mr. Ritchie, is to set down quiet and composed in the bottom of the boat, and eat away at the public crib, and drink away at the bottle of the Subtreasury till the 4th of March, when we shall all pitch over the falls together, drinking our last guggle.

I remain your dear friend,

MAJOR JACK DOWNING.

A Noble Deed Nobly Rewarded.—The New-York Journal of Commerce says: In the latter part of last summer, a young and only daughter of Mr. Corcoran, (of the firm of Corcoran & Riggs,) of Washington city, was playing with some friends on a wharf, in the rear of the grounds of Captain Charles Williams, at Stonington, Conn., and stepped into a boat which, by some accident, was loosened and drifted from the shore.—The child, frightened at the danger, jumped overboard. Mr. Gordon Smith, a boat builder, who was near by, swam in and rescued her at the last moment of struggling. Mr. Corcoran was in Europe at the time, engaged in business, as is widely known. He has since returned, and we saw last week a letter from him to Mr. Smith, expressing his gratitude, and enclosing one thousand dollars as a testimony of it. This is a reward at once unexpected to the receiver and noble in the giver, doing honor to the heart of the father. Mr. Smith is, we are glad to be informed, a worthy recipient, highly esteemed by all who know him.

On the 25th ult. the coast of Florida was visited by a severe storm, which caused some loss of life and considerable destruction of property. At Tampa only four houses were left standing in the village. All the Government stores, &c., were a total loss. The water is said to have risen almost instantaneously.—There was no recession, but wave was piled on wave, and whole streets swept of houses as it were in a moment. Few of the inhabitants were left with even a change of clothing. It was the most furious tornado ever known in that latitude, but fortunately its track was confined to a narrow scope. Key West, on the south, escaped it altogether, and so did Cedar Keys, on the north, where, it is said, the wind blew in a direction precisely opposite to the track of the tornado.

Several vessels are known to have been lost, on one of which the following passengers perished: Mr. Wm. Gamble, son of Col. John G. Gamble, of Tallahassee; Mr. Bushnell, resident on one of the Keys, but lately of Illinois; Mrs. Butler, a lady under his protection; and a sailor, (name not known.)

Two hundred and fifty years ago, there was not a log hut in all North America inhabited by a white man.

FIRE IN BROOKLYN—LOSS OF LIVES—GALLANT CONDUCT OF A SAILOR.

On Saturday night a fire occurred in Brooklyn, which destroyed property to the amount of sixty thousand dollars. A letter in the Philadelphia Inquirer, speaking of this fire, says:

An act of heroism was performed, during the fire, which deserves the highest commendation, and proves that the man who performed it is cast in no ordinary model. Whilst one of the six story houses was in flames, the startling announcement was made that a woman was asleep in a room in the topmost story, and that all means of escape were cut off by the fire. The moment it came to the ears of a gallant fellow named Carey, an Irish sailor, belonging to the brig Jim, of Galway, then lying at the Brooklyn docks, he, in the most daring manner, ascended the burning staircase, with the purpose of rescuing her, at the peril of his life. He reached the highest story, examined carefully all the apartments, but found no human being. He searched the next story, but no woman was there, and so he informed the crowd below.

Meantime the stair case had fallen, and the gallant fellow's own personal safety was in imminent danger. He had no possible means by which to leave the burning house, but to jump to the ground, and to do that would be to incur certain death. After glancing around him, his mind was made up. He jumped through the scuttle, three stories, and through the flames to the ground.—Every one expected to see him a dead man. The moment he reached the ground he was dragged out, and wonderful to say, all the injury he received was a dislocation of the jaw, from which, with proper medical treatment, he will soon recover. A nobler act of daring heroism and bravery in the cause of humanity, was never performed. Let it go forth that the name of this gallant fellow is Carey.

Dreadful Railroad Accident.—The Telegraph, on Saturday, furnished us with a brief account of the following rail-road accident, which we copy from the Salem Register, of Friday:

At about 10 minutes past 12 o'clock last night, the Marblehead train, with a delegation from Marblehead, who had been over to hear Gen. Cushing, and the train from Lynn, with a delegation from Salem, to join the torchlight procession in Lynn, came in collision. The shock was terrible, breaking the Marblehead engine and tender, and the first passenger car into a thousand pieces, and damaging the forward end of the second car. Not less than six of the passengers in the Marblehead train are already dead—and others are dreadfully injured, some of whom, it is said, will probably die of their wounds.

The conductor, engineer and fireman of the Marblehead train were somewhat injured. The engine of the train from Lynn was considerably damaged, and the tender broken up—the engineer was slightly injured, and two or three passengers who were standing on the platform of the forward car, were badly bruised, but no person in the cars received injury. The following is as correct a list of the persons killed, as we have been able to obtain: Samuel Manning, of Marblehead, a young married man; Nathaniel W. Roundy, of do.; John George Stevens, of do.; John Cross, of do., about 15 years, the son of a widow; Hy. Trefrey, about 20, son of the cashier of Marblehead Bank; a lad by the name of Russel. Among those wounded were a son of Capt. B. Brown, who had both legs broken; Franklin Curtis, broken leg; Thomas Clothey, collar bone broken; Seth Hathaway, badly bruised; Moses Hill, Esq., all of Marblehead—and others whose names we have not heard.

A Man on Fire.—During the thunder shower on Sunday evening, the lightning performed a very remarkable exploit in Rutland. The facts as we have them from Mr. J. G. Kendall, of this city, are, that a Frenchman in the service of a Mr. Fletcher, of Rutland, having occasion to be out during the shower, was struck by a shaft of lightning, knocked down and severely stunned. After the lapse of a little time, the man recovered his senses, and found his way to the house, where it was discovered that his face was blistered, and one of his pockets on fire! It was a most singular occurrence, and a most remarkable escape.—*Worcester Telegraph.*

Remarkable Rescue.—The Boston Transcript states that on Friday evening, as the Dorchester and Milton train was starting on its way from the Old Colony Depot, a female having a child of two years of age in her arms, attempted to jump from the platform of the depot to the cars. She missed her footing, and with the child, fell between the cars.—With great presence of mind a young man, named Clarence A. Dorr, of Dorchester, immediately sprung to her assistance, and seizing her by the hair sustained her in that position until her shrieks and the shouts of the passengers reached the ears of the engineer, and he stopped the train—at a fortunate moment, it would seem, as but a moment previous the woman's hair gave way, leaving masses of it in the young man's hands. The child fortunately rolled into the middle of the track, and the train passed over it safely; and mother and child were taken into the cars, and proceeded on their way.

All Germany, north and south, is in the agony of a terrible and bloody revolution, and Europe on the verge of general war, and awful convulsion of every element of society.

BLOODY TRAGEDY IN ARKANSAS.

A dreadful affray took place at Yellville, Marion county, Arkansas, on the 9th ultimo, in which three men were killed and several wounded. The Batesville Eagle of the 17th furnishes the following account of it:

The town of Yellville, in Marion co., was on last Monday week the scene of one of the most frightful and disgraceful rencontres that we have ever known.—We would premise that for many years there has been waged between the Tutts and their friends, on the one part, and the Everetts and their friends on the other, a most deadly feud. The wars between the Montagues and Capulets did not begin to equal it. It seems that a man named Mooney, who belongs to the Everett wing, was badly beaten some three or four weeks since, and that the Everetts and Mooney got up a kind of agreement among themselves by which they and their adherents formed themselves into a regulating party, and declared that the Kings, Shell, Williams and Hampton Tutt must leave the county.—On Monday they all met at Yellville.—Hampton Tutt has a store there, and was prudent enough to keep out of the way. He knew that a row would be raised, and that they would, if possible, kill him. J. Turner, Esq. spoke there that day, and after the speaking, the two parties, armed to the teeth, had some words and drew up in battle array; but the matter was quieted, and no outbreak took place. Towards evening, and when the people had pretty generally left for home, the fight commenced. A man by the name of Wadkins, of the Everett party, shot down Jack King.—At the same time, Sim. Everett fired at Sinclair and missed him. Sinclair returned the shot, mortally wounding Everett. King's brother was shot at by Bartlett Everett, the ball grazing his shoulder: he, in turn, shot Bartlett Everett dead in his tracks. After Sim. Everett was shot, he gathered a rock and pursued Sinclair; but finding King, who had been shot in the beginning of the fight, he turned on him and mashed his skull in a shocking manner, and expired while in the act. King lived until morning. Wadkins was badly beaten. He was taken into custody, but made his escape that night. It is to be hoped that the people of Marion will unite in putting down these deeds of blood. We fear, however, that the matter is not at an end.

The Elephant and the Apple Woman.—On Friday, while Raymond & Waring's menagerie was passing through Harlem, the big elephant, Tippo Sultan, in a most unpoetic manner encompassed with his enormous proboscis the contents of an old lady's fruit stand, making a mere mouthful of her whole stock in trade. But the most ungracious part of the transaction was, that not content with devouring the poor woman's pippins and gingerbread, his highness had the impudence to break her table and chair, and give the unfortunate bankrupt a toss some 10 or 15 feet out of the road.

An Important Invention.—The Winchester Republican has been shown the model of a furnace, (for which a patent has been taken out,) for the purpose of making malleable iron from the ore. It seems to us to be an invention of great importance to iron manufacturers, calculated to produce a saving of $40 per ton over the present mode. It is the invention of Mr. Lorenzo Seibert, of Shenandoah county, an experienced manufacturer.

A Fence.—We see an account in one of our exchanges, of the marriage, by the Rev. John Gates, of Mr. John Post, to Miss Sophia Rails. If this match don't make a fence of the first quality, we should like to know what will.

The American Railroad Journal calls attention to some interesting English railroad statistics in a late British periodical. It is there stated that the saving on the cattle, sheep and swine, in 1846, by transporting them on railways instead of driving them as formerly, was 41,800,000 pounds! and that the feed saved by the same change was 43,800,000 pounds—which alone would sustain a population of 50,000 people.

Still Another New Pathy.—The last new medical treatment imported from Europe is called *Isopathy*. The principle is to place upon the diseased part the similar organ taken from a healthy animal. If the heart is diseased, the heart of a sturdy bullock is applied as a cure, but it requires a fresh heart daily.

A Monastery in America.—One thousand two hundred and sixty acres of land have been bought in Kentucky for the Trappist Monastery which is to be founded there. About eighty of the members of the order are now on their way from Nantes, and the community will be organized next spring.

Emigration to Texas.—It is a circumstance significant of the times, in connection with the failure of the potato crop in Ireland again this season, that a large number of landed proprietors—upwards of sixty altogether—left Dublin for Liverpool a few days ago, on their way to Texas, where they are about to locate, having purchased a tract of land with the view of forming a settlement. They take out with them a number of their retainers, and upwards of £60,000 in gold.

The Fort Madison (Ill:) Statesman says that an individual has been arrested at Nauvoo upon suspicion of having fired the Mormon Temple. A company have purchased the walls with the design of rebuilding.

LATER FROM YUCATAN.

We take the following from the New Orleans Picayune of the 20th ult.:

The brig Tasso, Capt. Grey, arrived yesterday from Sisal, having sailed the 21st inst. Among her passengers was Mr. David G. Wilds, formerly an officer of the 13th U. S. Infantry. Mr. Wilds left Merida the night of the 20th. He comes over, here, empowered by the government of Yucatan to raise troops with which to make head against the Indians. The design is to form a regiment of Americans. There are about eighty Americans in actual service in Yucatan, and 150 more have gone thither under Capt. White; but a full regiment of at least 600 men is needed.

With Mr. Wilds we have had a conversation upon the position of affairs between the whites and the Indians. Of late the Indians have generally been defeated in their skirmishes with the whites, but the latter are outnumbered and are unable to make any serious impression upon their foes. From Merida, the capital, the whites are operating in five distinct lines radiating from that centre, towards the territory in the occupation of the Indians, whose headquarters and general rendezvous are Tiasuca, a town far in the interior. In the third and fourth divisions are the Americans serving, of whom we have lately heard as being engaged with great credit to themselves. The city of Valladolid is in the possession of the Indians. It is a place of importance, and formerly of wealth. The fourth division was pushed directly upon that city, and had advanced within sight of it. Having reached Pisoy, the news of the taking of Yaxaba by the Indians arrived, and the division was ordered to fall back. Its headquarters at last accounts were at Izamel, but a considerable garrison was left in Tuokax, Citas and Tenum. The last news is that the Indians were in force in the neighborhood of all these towns, and had made several attempts to carry them, but so far had failed. They are so numerous that a repulse does not dishearten them, but they are now threatening Izamel.—With skillful leaders they would overrun the whole country at once.

The truth, upon the whole, seems to be that the Indians are in possession of the largest and most fertile portion of the country, and that they will retain it until dispossessed by a race superior to that which is now disputing with them the dominion of the peninsula.

Recovered Lake.—A singular accident occurred on the Michigan Central Railway. It became necessary to carry a grading or embankment of fifteen feet high across a low piece of ground, containing about 100 acres, nearly dry enough for plough-land. When they had progressed with the grading for some distance, it became too heavy for the soil to support, the crust of the earth broke in, and the embankment sunk down into *seventy-nine feet of water!*—It appears that the piece of ground had been a lake, but had collected a soil of roots, peat, muck, &c., on its surface, apparently from ten to fifteen feet thick, which had become hardened and dry enough for farm purposes. Mr. Brooks thought it would have supported an embankment of five feet thickness, and that if it had not been necessary for them to have one much heavier, it would have supported the road, and the fact might never have been discovered that it rested on the bosom of a lake.—*N. Y. Star.*

The physicians at Constantinople have recommended the use of figs, with great success, as a preventive of cholera.—This fruit is said to exercise a healing influence upon the stomach and bowels, and is highly useful in diseases which manifest themselves in a derangement of the digestive functions, and commonly precede an attack of the cholera.

Treasure Trove.—A person in England, lately rummaging among his family documents, found written on the back of an old deed some words indicating that a pot of gold was buried in a certain place in the garden. It was at first regarded as a hoax, but on digging up the spot an iron pot came to light, containing 15,000 guineas, and a scrap of parchment much decayed, on which was written, "The devil shall have it sooner than Cromwell."

A Huge Iceberg.—It is said that immense masses of ice are drifting at this time with the currents of the Atlantic, in the direct track of vessels passing between England and the United States. The Blonde, Capt. Crawford, which arrived at Greenock on the 29th, saw one of them on the 5th, in lon. 49 W., lat. 48 N., upward of 600 feet high, and a mile in length, the atmosphere in its vicinity being completely chilled.

Growth of Ohio.—The State of Ohio is now in her 61st year, or rather it is now 61 years since the first white citizen moved into what is now that State—yet she polls a vote approximating to three hundred thousand. The fact abundantly shows the rapid progress of the country.

On Friday week the celebrated horse Trustee trotted *twenty miles in fifty-nine minutes and thirty-five and a half seconds*, in harness, being a feat, in point of time and distance, unequalled in the sporting annals of the world.

☞ *The Physicians* of Smyrna having declared the cholera infectious, Franks, Greeks, Jews, Turks and Armenians have fled in thousands to the neighboring villages and Greek Islands, and complete silence reigns in the streets of Smyrna.

A CAPITAL RAIL ROAD JOKE.

A little incident happened on the railroad between this city and Buffalo last week, which is one of the richest jokes of the season. We find it related in the Buffalo Courier, and tell it in our own way for the shortness. It seems that a gentleman took the 7 o'clock train out of that city, for Syracuse, and having been hard at work during the day, the fatigue caused him to sleep soundly.—On arriving here the passengers always change cars, and did so in this instance except the sleeper, who remained in his seat. Soon the train for the west came in, and an engine was attached to the train just from the west, and were soon on their way to Buffalo. After going a few miles the conductor called for the "Tick-ets," and waking our sleepy friend, demanded his fare, eleven shillings.—This amount was paid, the passenger supposing of course that it would take him to Auburn, and thinking that he was on his way there as fast as steam could carry him.

On the arrival of the train at Attica he was still sound asleep, and did not wake until the conductor over that road called for the tickets. Our friend paid the sum demanded, 93 cents, congratulating himself that the fare between Auburn and Syracuse had been somewhat reduced. In double quick time the train arrived at Buffalo, and the noise and confusion in the depot waked up the sleepy head, and supposing that he had arrived at the place for which he started the evening previous, got out of the cars to seek a hotel. On reaching the platform he stared about—every thing looked familiar—he rubbed his eyes—took another look, and exclaimed to the conductor:

"Well, my friend, I should like to know *where I am?*"

Of course he was set right as to his present locality, when he left the depot muttering to himself,

"Well, this is a pretty business. Last night I took the cars to go to Syracuse, and now find myself at five o'clock in the morning back at Buffalo! If I *ain't* an ass then there never was one."—*Rochester Advertiser.*

LANDS FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL AT PRIVATE SALE,

SEVERAL SMALL FARMS,

the one-half in hand, the balance in payments to suit purchasers, bearing lawful interest.—These Farms are situated in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, Pa.

One has 130 Acres, well improved, part limestone land, for which I will take $40 per acre.

Another 150 Acres, tolerably improved, with a small House and small Barn, at $40 per acre.

Another about 136 Acres, also a small House and Barn, at $18 per acre.

Also, one of 111 Acres, part cleared, but no buildings, at $20 per acre.

Also, one of 50 Acres, no buildings, nor cleared land, except the timber cut off in part.

All these lands are situated on the northern base of the South Mountain, well watered, and of good quality, bordering on the limestone lands of Cumberland Valley.

Persons in Adams and other Counties wishing to buy, I think will do well to come and see them—*for I will sell.*

☞ I will also sell my

FURNACE,

With Ore Banks attached,

& 2,500 Acres of Mountain Land,

GRIST & SAWMILL,

& Farm attached. Also,

A FARM OF 161 ACRES,

with a good Saw-mill, House, Barn, &c., on it. It is located in Mifflin township, Cumberland county, at the southern base of the North Mountain, near Dublin Gap. It is slate land, but well located as regards Timber for sawing. I will take $12 per acre for it. Also,

A Farm of 68 Acres,

part cleared, with a small house. Also,

9 or 10 small Houses and Lots,

well suited for Mechanics. The lots vary in size from 1 to 10 Acres each.

T. C. MILLER.

Oct. 23. tf

FOR RENT.

THE Subscriber offers for Rent, from the first day of April next, the

TAVERN PROPERTY,

in South Baltimore street, Gettysburg, recently occupied by HENRY FORRY.—The location is a good one for a STORE, or public business of any kind. It can conveniently be made to accommodate two families.

An early application is requested.

MOSES M'CLEAN.

Oct 30. tf.

HATS—WOOD—CASH.

THE subscriber has on hand a large and fine assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

of every description and fashion, at his old Stand, which he wants to sell at low prices for good pay.

He earnestly requests those indebted to him, to come and settle their accounts, as money is much wanted and he must have it.

He respectfully notifies those who owe him WOOD, that now is the time to use it and sell it, and if not delivered soon, he will certainly require cash in place of it.

☞ Come one, come all!

W. W. PAXTON.

Oct. 23. 3t

JUST received and for sale at the old stand, 8, 4, & 12-4 SHEETING, very Cheap, Also, PIANO COVERS, and MARSEILLES QUILTS—beautiful articles.

GEO. ARNOLD

Oct. 23. tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday the 18th of November next,

THE subscriber will positively sell in Taneytown, at the Public Square, the following valuable Real Estate, situate in Carroll county, Maryland, to wit:

NO. 1.

A FARM,

CONTAINING

200 Acres of Land,

two miles north of Taneytown, on the main road leading from Gettysburg, Pa, to Baltimore city. This farm is handsomely situated, well watered, convenient to Mills, Churches and Schools. Two-thirds of which is cleared land, under fence, and the balance in first rate TIMBER. The improvements consist of a TWO-STORY

DOUBLE LOG HOUSE,

DAIRY, and a large LOG BARN, in good order, with Shedding attached.

NO. 2

A FARM,

containing 125 ACRES, unimproved,—adjoining No 1. This property is beautifully situated, well watered, and has an abundance of first-rate TIMBER, and other material thereon for building. About 40 acres are cleared, and the balance in the best of Timber.

NO. 3.

A Tract of first-rate

WOODLAND,

adjoining the other two tracts, *containing 50* ACRES, which will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, or, if desired, the three tracts will be sold together.

No. 4.—A Tract of Land,

adjoining Taneytown on the North, known as the Cromwell lot, containing TEN ACRES.

No. 5.—A Lot of Land,

adjoining Taneytown on the North, known as the Crapster lot, containing FIVE ACRES.

No. 6.—The Two Acre Lot,

situated in Taneytown, on York street, now in the occupancy of Michael Clapsaddle.

No. 7.—THE BRICK HOUSE,

and LOT OF GROUND, adjoining No. 6, in which Michael Clapsaddle resides. This property would be desirable to a mechanic wishing to go into the Blacksmith, Wagon or Carriage-making business, as there is a good opening for either of the above to an enterprising man—There is a large new Frame BLACKSMITH SHOP, with two fires therein, on the property. Also, a good well of water in the yard, and a number of bearing FRUIT TREES of every variety.

No. 8—That Store House

and valuable property, situated on the North West corner of the Square in Taneytown, now in the occupancy of Levi Buffington, Esq.—This property is the best business stand in the town, and is desirable on that account. Any person wishing to commence merchandising in the County, would do well to look at the above property, as perhaps there is no town in the State of the same population, and as little enterprise, sells as many goods.

Also, at the same time, I will sell that Valuable

FARM,

on which Jacob Newcomer resides, known as the "Ecker Farm," situated on the main road leading from Taneytown to Uniontown, nearly equally distant between the two places. This property contains

150 ACRES,

under good fencing, well watered, and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a good Two-Story

LOG HOUSE,

with a BACK BUILDING, a Spring House near the dwelling, a Double Log BARN, Cow Stable, and a first-rate

ORCHARD,

with a great variety of Fruit Trees.

It is unnecessary to say more, as it is expected that persons wishing to purchase will view the property for themselves. The subscriber will take pleasure in showing the property and giving any information to persons by calling on him at his residence, near Taneytown.

An indisputable title will be given, and the sale positive and without reserve.

A. G. EGE.

Oct. 2. ts

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on advantageous terms,

A FARM,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Robert Sheckley, William Bailey, and William Hamilton, within three miles of Gettysburg, containing

184 Acres and 91 Perches.

There are about 50 Acres of WOODLAND, and the rest under good cultivation. There are TWO

Dwelling Houses

on the Farm; a Double LOG BARN newly covered, with sheds around it; two wells of water, with a pump in one of them; a sufficient quantity of Fruit Trees, such as Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry. There is Meadow sufficient to make 60 tons of Hay yearly.—About 1500 bushels of Lime have been put on the farm, and about 2,000 Chestnut rails.

The Farm would suit to be divided into two Tracts, both as to clear and wood land.

Any person wishing to purchase, will be shown the farm, by Henry Trostle, residing thereon.

The terms will be made known by the subscriber. GEORGE TROSTLE.

July 31. tf

For Rent,

A SMALL FARM, situate in Germany township.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Oct. 9. 4t

GETTYSBURG

FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE Trustees of the Gettysburg Female Seminary, incorporated by the Legislature, have re-opened the Institution, under the care of Miss M. CAMPBELL, as instructress. A few pupils will be received, in addition to those now in the Seminary.

Reference may be had to either of the Trustees, who are Rev. S. S. Schmucker, D. D., Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D., Professor Baugher, J. B. M'Pherson, Esq., J. A. Thompson, Esq., Dr. D. Horner, J. B. Danner, Esq., Hon. M. M'Clean, and R. G. Harper.

Gettysburg, Feb. 7.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

J. M. Stevenson,

TAKING advantage of another reduction in the prices of goods, has brought to this place

The Cheapest Assortment of

Fall and Winter Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c. &c.,

EVER OFFERED TO THIS PUBLIC.

To particularize is unnecessary—his stock is full. Purchasers are requested to call and "examine the goods," assured that it will be to their advantage.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds wanted.

Oct. 30. tf

More New Goods at Cheapside!

D. Middlecoff'

HAS just received from Philadelphia a splendid assortment of Fashionable Fancy and Staple

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

to which he respectfully invites the attention of the public in general, and the Ladies in particular, and which he is determined to offer cheaper than those who puff and blast the most, can do. He will sell prints at 2 cents—very handsome ones; and fast colors at 6¼, well worth 12½; and M. de Laines 10 cents—such as sold recently at 25 cents; Alpacas for 12½ cents; Oregon Plaids, 12½; Muslins at 3 cents per yard, and other goods at proportionate prices.

Oct. 16. tf

33 per cent. Lower than Ever!

Great Bargains.

George Arnold

HAS just received and is now opening as large a stock of fresh Goods as has ever been offered to the public in this place, and being determined not to be undersold in any article by any establishment, he invites his old friends and the public generally to call and examine, and judge for themselves.

SUGAR—4, 5, and 6 cents per pound.
COFFEE—4, 6, and 8 cents do.,
and every thing in proportion.

Sept. 18. tf

LOOK HERE

A. ARNOLD

Is determined to sell Goods ☞30 per cent. Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Sept 25.

Ladies Dressing Goods.

A HANDSOME assortment of rich Silks, French Merino, Oregon and Buena Vista laids, plain and figured Silk Warp, and Mohair Plpaca Lustres, French Cashmeres, M. de Laines, Ainghams and Prints, all of the newest styles, in great variety, with trimmings to suit, for less money than ever, can now be had at

D. MIDDLECOFF'S.

Oct. 16. tf

Southern Harmony.

2 DOZEN of the above popular Music Books, have just been received, which I am selling for 75 cents. A liberal discount made to Country merchants. Sold by

KELLER KURTZ.

Sept. 11.

ICE CREAM,

OF the very best quality, and different flavors, can be had, at all times, at WEAVER'S CONFECTIONARY in Chambersburg street. FAMILIES and PARTIES will be supplied with any desired quantity, at the shortest notice. CAKES and CONFECTIONS of all kinds always on hand, and will be furnished to order on reasonable terms.

July 3. tf

For Farmers.

ALL kinds of SHOVELS and FORKS may be had low at STEVENSON'S. Just received, a supply of WINDOW GLASS, &c.

Aug. 21. tf

FRESH ARRIVAL.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY.

THE subscriber tenders his acknowledgments to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him, and respectfully informs them that he has just received from the city a new assortment of

CLOCKS

OF ALL KINDS—ALSO,

JEWELRY,

such as Rings, Breastpins, Ear Rings, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Guards, &c., &c. ALSO,

SPECTACLES,

and Glasses of all kinds and qualities—all of which will be sold low.

Clocks and Watches REPAIRED, as usual, at short notice. Establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to S. H. Buehler's Book and Drug Store.

ALEXANDER FRAZER

July 31. tf

APPRENTICE WANTED.

AN APPRENTICE to the Baking and Confectionary Business, in all their branches, will be taken by the subscriber, if application be made immediately by a youth of the age of 16 or 17, who can furnish good recommendations. C. WEAVER.

July 3. tf

BACON.

JUST received, another lot of *prime HAMS, SIDES, and SHOULDERS*, and for sale at the lowest prices at

STEVENSON'S.

Oct. 2. tf

Fresh Groceries.

SUPERIOR ENGLISH CHEESE, New England Mould TALLOW CANDLES, beautiful as Sperm, *Fine & G. A. SALT*, &c, &c., just opened at STEVENSON'S.

Oct. 2.

CASH WANTED.

I AM in need of CASH, to meet pressing engagements, and will be obliged to those knowing themselves to be indebted to me, to make payment immediately, and without further notice.

THOMAS WARREN.

Gettysburg, Sept. 4. tf

CHEAP GOODS!

The Old Stand Still Ahead!

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK

TAKES pleasure in informing his friends and customers that he has been in Baltimore and Philadelphia, and is now in New York, purchasing the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST & MOST FASHIONABLE

Assortment of Goods,

ever heretofore offered in this county, which is now opening at his Old Stand, in

GETTYSBURG, Pa.,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

French, English, and American

BROAD CLOTHS,

Pilot & Beaver Overcoatings, Cassimeres, plain and Fancy; rich Satin, Silk, and Vestings; Satinets, and Kentucky Jeans, plain and fancy; Flannels, Linsey, Ticking, brown and bleached Muslins, a variety of New Style Calicoes, Mous de Laines, all prices and qualities; Grandarettes, Cashmeres and French Merinoes, plain and fancy Alpaccas and Mode, Gala Plaids, Pekin and Thibet Shawls, large Blanket and Merino do., Cloth and Woolen do, also Plaid Cloaking, a large assortment of Dress and Bonnet Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves and Hosiery, a large stock of CAPS, (cloth and glazed)

GROCERIES

lower than ever before known!

Hardware, Queensware, also Carpeting.

The subscriber deems it unnecessary to state any particular quantity of Goods, as they will show for themselves. As to prices and quality, they will throw into the shade any thing that is *NOW OFFERED ELSEWHERE!!*

☞ As I intend remaining in the Cities some time, I will send an additional supply every few days. I tender my acknowledgments to my friends and patrons for past favors, and respectfully ask a continuance of the same—flattering myself, that, from long experience in business and facilities for purchasing cheap, that I can and will offer strong inducements to purchasers to give me an early call.

☞ **Country Produce** taken in exchange for Goods at Cash prices.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Sept. 25. tf

Quick Sales and Short Profit!

NEW AND CHEAP

CASH STORE.

A. Arnold

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has just returned from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with the largest, cheapest, and most fashionable stock of

ENTIRELY NEW GOODS,

which has ever been offered in this County, and which he will be able to sell at least

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER

than Goods have been sold in this place before, as the most of his goods have been bought AT AUCTION FOR CASH. He would therefore invite all persons in want of Cheap Goods, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he will spare no pains to please those who will favor him with a call.

AMONG HIS STOCK WILL BE FOUND

500 pieces Calicoes,
500 " Bleached and Brown Muslins,
50 " Checks and Tickings,
50 " Broad Cloths,
100 " Cassimeres and Satinets, astonishingly cheap,
50 " Striped, Barred and Plain Alpaccas, all colors,

Woolen and Cotton Flannels, all prices and qualities, 50 pieces Ginghams, 20 do. Carpeting and Oil Cloths, Ladies' Fancy Dress Goods, a splendid assortment, Dress Silks, French and German Merinoes, Irish Linens, shawls, dress handkerchiefs, Linen and Silk pocket handkerchiefs, gentlemen's Cravats and Scarfs, Hosiery, Lacings, Edgings, white goods, black and colored Silk Fringe, Ribbonds, Gimps, &c., &c, in fact, a general assortment too numerous to mention.

GROCERIES.

Best New Orleans Sugar, best Rio Coffee, Molasses, different qualities, Teas, Loaf Sugar, Spices, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

QUEENSWARE.

A very large stock of QUEENSWARE, and very cheap.

Sept. 18. tf

WE CAN'T BE BEAT.

READY MADE CLOTHING 30 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN EVER!

TO satisfy yourselves that "some things can be done as well as others," call at

Samson's

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &

VARIETY STORE,

Opposite the BANK, Gettysburg,

where you will find the largest and most fashionable assortment of

Ready-made Clothing,

ever opened in this county, selling for prices that CAN'T BE BEAT IN OR OUT OF THE CITIES. The stock has been purchased in New York AT AUCTION, at CASH prices, and will be sold lower than they have ever heretofore been offered to the public. To test the truth of this, call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

The assortment embraces every thing in the way of Boy's and Men's wear, fine and Superfine Tweed, Cassmet, Cassimere, Cashmeret, and cloth COATS, CLOAKS, and PANTS; Silk, Satin, Cassimere, Cassmet, Cloth, plain and fancy VESTS; caps, cravats, wrappers, shirts, bosoms, suspenders, gloves, stockings, &c. Also, a large variety of fancy articles, jewelry, spectacles, perfumery, combs, razors, purses, umbrellas, guitar strings, &c.

If you want to save 50 per cent. in purchasing your Fall and Winter clothing, call and examine my assortment. I shall fit you out, in a full suit, from head to foot, cheaper than can be furnished at any other Store or Establishment, even if THEY MUST BE GIVEN FOR NOTHING. Remember Samson's Variety Store in York Street, one door east of Kurtz's Hotel.

Also for sale on reasonable terms, two HORSES, a Carriage, Rockaway, Buggy, Sleighs, Harness, Saddle, &c.

MARCUS SAMSON.

Sept. 25. tf

Jewelry, Watch Guards,

WATCH Chains, Keys, Spectacles, &c. &c. can always be had at the Clock and Watch Establishment of

ALEX. FRAZER.

PERFUMERY, SOAPS, FANCY ARTICLES, TOYS, &c., for sale by

C. WEAVER.

Not dead yet!—But at it again!

PAINTING.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public, that he is now located in the Alley between North Washington and Carlisle street, immediately in the rear of D. Middlecoff's Store, where he will be prepared, as heretofore, to do all kinds of

Coach, Cloth, & Sign-Painting.

☞ CARRIAGE REPAIRING done at short notice, and on reasonable terms, for which Country Produce will be taken.

The subscriber hopes, by attention to business, and a desire to please, he will continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.

J. G. FREY.

Gettysburg, May 8. tf

GOOD AND CHEAP

IS OUR MOTTO.

Co-Partnership in the Cabinet Making Business.

THE subscribers have entered into Partnership in the Cabinet-making business, at the old stand of Henry Garlach, in South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery—where they will always have on hand, and be prepared to make to order,

Sideboards, Secretaries, Dressing Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads, Wash, Work, and Candle-stands,

and in short, every article belonging to the above business. They will also have on hand CHAIRS of all varieties.

☞ All orders for COFFINS attended to with the utmost promptness.

They also wish the people to bear in mind that they have recently had constructed, for their own especial use,

A SPLENDID HEARSE,

which they will use whenever desired to do so.

The subscribers assure the public, that all work purchased of them will be of the neatest and most durable character. They superintend themselves the construction of every article, thus being assured that both material and workmanship "can't be beat." Their terms are exceedingly reasonable, as may be learnt by giving them a call.

☞ Country produce taken in exchange for work.

HENRY GARLACH,
DANIEL TRIMMER.

Gettysburg, Jan. 24. 1y

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he still continues to carry on the FOUNDRY BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old establishment, in the Western part of Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand all sorts of

HOLLOWARE,

such as Kettles, Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Pans, Griddles, &c. of all sizes; also, *STOVES* of every size and variety, including Common, Parlor, Air-tight and Cooking Stoves—among them the far-famed HATHAWAYS.

To Farmers he would say, he has on hand an excellent assortment of

THRESHING MACHINES,

Hovey's celebrated Straw-cutters; the renowned Seyler Ploughs; also Woodcock's and Witherow's; also. Points, Cutters, Shares, &c.

BLACKSMITHING is carried on in its different branches, by the best of workmen.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO OPENED A

BOOT & SHOE SHOP,

in the South end of the Foundry Building, where, with good workmen and excellent materials, the neatest fits and best work will be made—☞ Ladies will be waited on at their residence.

All of the above mentioned articles will be sold as cheap, for Cash or Country Produce, as they can be had any where else. All orders will be promptly attended to.

☞ Repairing, of all kinds, done at the shortest notice.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, May 8. tf

COACH MAKING.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors respectfully informs the public that he continues the *COACH-MAKING BUSINESS*, in all its various branches, at his Old Stand in York street, (formerly Buckingham's) where he has on hand, and will manufacture to order

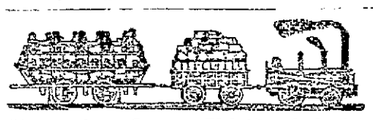
CARRIAGES,

Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials, and by the best of workmen. ☞ Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH.

Gettysburg, April 20. tf



Freights from Philadelphia.

REGULAR LINE OF CARS.

THE subscriber runs a Regular Line of Burthen Cars between *PHILADELPHIA AND YORK*, for the Transportation of all kinds of Freight to or from York and the adjoining Counties,

Prices of Freight on Merchandize generally, 30 cents per hundred.

Groceries or Hardware, when 6000 lbs. or more, 25 cents per hundred.

Coffee, if 6000 lbs. or more, 20 cents per hundred.

Salt per sack, 30 cents per hundred

☞ All kinds of Freight to Philadelphia solicited and carried at low rates

Warehouse in Philadelphia, at No. 365 Market street.—A. L. GERHART, *Agent.*

Warehouse in York at Rail Road Depot, adjoining P. A. & S. Small.

HENRY KAUFFELT.

York, April 20. tf

Shepherd's Sarsaparilla

IS a compound preparation, for the cure of Diseases of the Blood, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism, Scrofula, White Swelling, &c. &c—There being 32 doses in a bottle, which costs only 75 cents, it is the cheapest and best medicine now in use. Most of the Cough preparations cost from fifty cents to one dollar per bottle, and contain only from 10 to 15 doses—This Sarsaparilla is effectual in its operation, and does not vomit or purge. Shepherd's Cough Candy, for Coughs, Colds, &c. Price 12½ cents per package. For sale by the Proprietors Agent, KELLER KURTZ.

May 1. 1y

SILVER AND GERMAN SILVER PENCILS, VIOLIN STRINGS, &c., of best quality, can always be had at the Fancy Store of

C. WEAVER.

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

DENTIST.

HAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecoff's Store, where those wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berluchy,	Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D.,
" D. Horner,	" C. P. Krauth, D. D.,
" C. A. Cowgill,	" Prof. M. Jacobs,
" D. Gilbert,	" " H. L. Baugher,
	" " W. M. Reynolds

Gettysburg, July 3. tf

WRIGHT'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

EVERY day is this celebrated medicine extending the sphere of its usefulness, and every year adding to the long catalogue of its triumphs.

A MILLION OF BOXES

are distributed annually without fully meeting the demand! For some time past, the sales have been limited solely for the want of facilities of supply! Truly this is a universal remedy! Unheralded, these Pills have found their way into the remotest corners of the Union, every where proving their titles as

The Poor Man's Friend—Sick Man's Hope—the marvel and blessing of the age.

For a trifling sum, every individual and every family may have

HEALTH INSURED

to them for an indefinite period; and what is life without health but a miserable existence?

It is too precious a boon to be tampered with, by trying all sorts of experiments upon it. The sick should use those medicines only which experience has shown to be best.

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

[From Catskill, Greene County, N. Y.]

DR. W. WRIGHT—Dear Sir:—I have found your INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS a valuable remedy in cases of General Debility of the system, and in all BILIOUS disorders. I am also in the habit of recommending them to Females in peculiar cases. I observe them to operate in the system without producing debility or pain, leaving it in a healthy condition.

JOHN DOANE, M. D.

June 20, 1848.

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE.

[From Norton Hill, Greene County, N. Y.]

DR. WRIGHT:—We have used and sold your INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS for three years past, and do not hesitate to recommend them to our friends and customers, as the best family medicine in use. N. & L. RAMSDELL.

Testimony of another Physician.

The following is an answer in reply to a note from our agent, asking Dr. Bouton's opinion of this medicine:

TUNKHANNOCK, Aug. 29, 1848.

MR. A. DURHAM—Dear Sir:—In reply to your note of yesterday, I would state, that I have occasionally found it convenient to use the various "Patent Pills" vended in the shops; and while I am unwilling to say any thing to depreciate the value of others, I am free to confess that I consider Dr. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills superior to all others with which I am acquainted. I have used them for many years, both in my own family and in my practice generally, and they have uniformly proved mild, certain and safe in their operations. The care and skill with which these Pills have been hitherto manufactured are, in my opinion, a sufficient guarantee for like good results in future.

Very respectfully,

B. A. BOUTON, M. D.

Dr. B. is a practitioner of long experience, well known in and even beyond the lines of Wyoming county. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and highly popular with the people among whom he resides.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

Remember, that the original and only genuine INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS have a written signature of WILLIAM WRIGHT on the top label of each box.

The genuine is for sale by J. M. STEVENSON, sole agent for Gettysburg; and by agents in all parts of the State.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st. Phila., 288 Greenwich st. N. Y., and 198 Tremont st. Boston.

Oct. 16. 1y

Clickener's Sugar-Coated Pills,

THE only effectual purgative, cured within the last year over 200,000 persons of the following complaints: Headache, Giddiness, Rheumatism, Piles, Dyspepsia, Scurvy, Small Pox, Jaundice, Pains in the Back, Inward Weakness, Palpitation of the Heart, Rising in the Throat, Dropsy, Asthma, Fevers of all kinds, Female Complaints, Measles, Salt Rheum, Heartburn, Worms, Cholera Morbus, Coughs, Quinsy, Whooping Cough, Consumption, Fits, Liver Complaint, Erysipelas, Deafness, Itchings of the Skin, Colds, Gout, Gravel, Nervous Complaints, and a variety of other diseases arising from impurities of the blood, and obstructions in the organs of digestion.

Experience has proved that nearly every disease originates from Impurities of the Blood, or Derangement of the Digestive Organs; and to secure Health, we must remove those Impurities and restore the blood to its natural state. Therefore, when the slightest derangement of the system is indicated by Costiveness, or any other sign, it admonishes us that superfluities are gathering in the system, which should be immediately removed by an effectual purging. Since the invention, however, of

Clickener's Vegetable Purgative Pills,

this objection does not exist, as they are completely enveloped with a COATING OF PURE WHITE SUGAR, (as distinct from the internal ingredients as a nut-shell from the kernel,) HAVE NO TASTE OF MEDICINE, and are as easily swallowed as bits of candy. Moreover THEY NEITHER NAUSEATE OR GRIPE in the slightest degree. They operate equally on all the diseased parts of the system, instead of confining themselves to, and racking any particular region. Thus, for example, if the Liver be affected, one ingredient will operate on that particular organ, and, by cleansing it of that excess of bile it is constantly discharging into the stomach, restore it to a natural state. Another will operate on the blood, and remove those impurities which have already entered into its circulation; while a third will effectually expel from the system whatever impurities may have been discharged into the stomach; and hence they

Strike at the Root of Disease,

remove all Impure Humors; open the pores externally and internally; promote the insensible perspiration, of state flatulency, headache, &c., separate all foreign and obnoxious particles from the chyle, secure a free and healthy action to the Heart, Lungs, and Liver, and thereby restore health even when all other means have failed.

☞ For sale by

SAMUEL H. BUEHLER,

GENERAL AGENT, GETTYSBURG; and S. Berlin, Littlestown: E. J. Owings, M'Sherrystown: Lilly & Riley, New Oxford; Wm. Bittinger, Abbottstown; Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; H. S. Miller, do.; D. M. C. White, Hampton; Ephraim Zuck, New Chester; J. Brinkerhoff, Fairfield; A. Scott, Cashtown; Thomas M'Knight, M'Knightsville; Peter Mickley, Mummasburg; J. F. Lower, Arendtsville; John M'Knight, Bendersville; E. Staley, Centre Mills, J. S. Hollinger, Heidlersburg; Dr. Stewart, Petersburg; A. & J. Wells, Wellsville; and D. Newcomer, Bragtown.

Feb. 7. 1y

WATCHES, of all kinds, will be cleaned and repaired at the shortest notice, at FRAZER'S Clock & Watch Establishment, in Gettysburg.

July 19. tf

LAW NOTICE.

James G. Reed,

LATELY from Pittsburg, designs making Gettysburg his permanent place of residence, and to pursue there the practice of the Law. He has made arrangements with his father, JOHN REED, Esq., of Carlisle, to have his aid and assistance in all such cases as may require it. He will be found at all times at his Office, on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" office

April 10. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE South East Corner of the Franklin House, formerly occupied as Sheriff's Office, by Geo. W. M'Clellan, Esq.

Dec. 23. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door west of George Arnold's Store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John M'Conaughy, Esq deceased.—He solicits, and by prompt and faithful attention to business in his profession, it will be his endeavor to merit confidence and patronage.

☞ D. M'CONAUGHY will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

AGENT AND SOLICITOR

For Patents and Pensions.

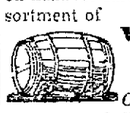
He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington, on application to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, April 5.

NEW WINE & LIQUOR STORE.

M. & A. HAY,

WOULD respectfully make known to the public that they have opened a WINE AND LIQUOR STORE in the house formerly kept as Hay's Tavern, *Sign of the Indian King*, on the south side of Main street, a few doors west of the Market House, and adjoining the residence of Charles A. Barnitz, Esq. in the Borough of York, where they will constantly have on hand for sale a choice and well selected assortment of



Wines, Brandies, Gins,

RUMS, WHISKEYS,

CORDIALS AND BITTERS

of all qualities and prices.

☞ M. & A. HAY respectfully invite those who may need articles in their line to give them a call, as they are confident that they can please them both as regards quality and price, great care having been taken in the selection of their stock.

York, Feb. 23. tf

HYMN BOOKS.

JUST received, new editions of Presbyterian Hymn Books, also, Lutheran, German Reformed, and Methodist Hymns, always on hand, very low, at the cheap Book Store of

KELLER KURTZ.

Sept. 11.

LADIES, LOOK HERE!

BY calling at the Book Store of KELLER KURTZ, you can supply yourselves with Pencils, Gold Medals, Perfumery, &c., at City prices—all articles sold warranted to be of the best manufacture.

Ask the Sufferer from Asthma

WHAT has relieved him in such a short time from his difficulty in breathing, Cough and suffocation? He will tell you it was "the Olosaonian, or All Healing Balsam."

Ask the Consumptive what has allayed his Cough, removed the Pain in his Side and Chest, checked his night sweats and placed the rose of health upon his cheek? and he will tell you "*Shermon's Olosaonian, or All-Healing Balsam.*"

Ask your friends if they know of any thing that will so speedily cure a long and tedious Cough, raising of blood, Bronchitis, Dyspeptic Consumption, Hoarseness, Influenza, and diseases of the Throat, as the Olosaonian? and they will tell you—No. There never yet has been a remedy introduced to public notice which has been productive of so much good in so short a space of time. Read the following

ASTONISHING CURES.

Wm Bond, the celebrated Boston cracker-baker, 98 Nassau street, Brooklyn, states that his wife has been afflicted with Asthma for 30 years, and could not find permanent relief from the best medical advice which New York and Brooklyn could produce, was induced to try this great remedy. She is now nearly well—His daughter, who was suffering from the same disease, tried it, and was also cured by it. Mrs Bond is now so well that she is able to rise from her bed early in the morning and attend to her usual duties through the day, without any annoyance from her distressing malady.

Henry Jackson, 13th street, near the Catholic Cemetery, came to the store for the purpose of obtaining a bottle of the Olosoanian, having been afflicted with the Asthma for more than 30 years, and was so exhausted on his arrival that he could not speak. He purchased a bottle and rode home. Four days afterward he walked from his residence to the office without fatigue, a distance of over two miles, to tell of the wonderful relief which he had experienced from using about one half of one bottle.

CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS.

Mr. Comfort, 35 White street, was so low in the month of December last, that he was given up by his physician. His friends entertained no hope of his recovery. He was persuaded to try the Olosaonian, and to his surprise it has so far restored him to health, that he is now able to walk about the streets.

SPITTING BLOOD.

Mrs Thonbourne, 352 Monroe street, who had been troubled for a great length of time by a severe cough, and raised quantities of blood, was relieved by one bottle of the Olosaonian, and declares it the greatest remedy in the world.

Dennis Kelly, 26 Water street, was also relieved from the same complaint, although he was very much reduced when he commenced taking it—having been under the care of his physician during the past winter. Although he coughed constantly, and was very much troubled with night sweats, two bottles of the remedy enabled him to return to his daily work. He was entirely relieved.

☞ For sale by

SAMUEL H BUEHLER,

General Agent, Gettysburg; and S. Berlin, Littlestown: E. J. Owings, M'Sherrystown: Lilly & Riley, New Oxford; Wm. Bittinger, Abbottstown: Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; H. S. Miller, do; D M. C. White, Hampton; Ephraim Zuck, New Chester; J. Brinkerhoff, Fairfield; A. Scott, Cashtown; Thomas M'Knight, M'Knightsville; Peter Mickley, Mummasburg; J. F. Lower, Arendtsville, John M'Knight, Bendersville; E. Staley, Centre Mills; J. S Hollinger, Heidlersburg; Dr. Stewart, Petersburg; A. & J. Wells, Wellsville; and D. Newcomer, Bragtown.

Feb. 7. 1y

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, November 13, 1848.

THE VICTORY.

While France, Prussia, Austria, says the North American,—nay, while all Europe, after eight months of blood and suffering, is still in the travail of political convulsion, we find that America has gone through a revolution quite as important, and involving interests as momentous, in a single day—a short autumnal day—and all without a gun fired, a sword drawn from its sheath, a single drop of human blood shed in the strife of civil war. No wild passions, no running suddenly to arms, no building of barricades and pouring of death-vollies in the streets, were necessary towards this revolution, which was sublimely effected, in and according to legal fixed form, by the calm will of a people who, upon this day, as was their right and duty, performed the sovereign function of governing the country.

In the whirl of a success as astonishing as it is glorious, it is rather easier to feel than describe the consequences of our American revolution; but they are mighty ones. If we consider the circumstances of the times, and the character of the great political party which has been overthrown, we may believe that nearly every thing of value in the Republic was at stake, and that every thing, therefore, was saved and won. Perhaps we ought to consider as one great result, involving immense good to the country, the destruction of Locofocoism, with all its fierce and alarming principles, presenting so many growing dangers. As between the two great parties, the struggle was an internecine, a mortal one, only capable of terminating in the dissolution of the defeated party.—The Locofoco party is shattered to atoms, so clearly and unmistakeably destroyed by its own principles, that it can never be revived again with them: to live again at all, it must shake them off, it must change every thing odious in its measures—and such a change were, of itself, annihilation. Will any party ever again in the United States, dare profess to be a free trade party?—a war and annexation party?—a slavery extension party?—a party of the one man power, as against the power of Congress and the people? The election of 1848 has written the doom of those political insanities, which none will be so anxious to bury out of sight as the politicians who have found them the instruments of their ruin. "Pan is dead," was the mourning cry which, according to the legend, announced the destruction of all the evil spirits and demons of the ancient heathen mythology.

With Locofocoism perishes all *its* associated evils; never more, we trust, to be resuscitated, or even remembered, except with indignation.

To Pennsylvanians there is one result of the election at which their hearts must swell with a proud emotion. In this election, Pennsylvania has spoken at last, and spoken like a sovereign State. She has spoken with her own voice, and asserted her own interest—her own dignity—her own will. Sternly awakening from the illusions of the pseudo-democracy, she shakes off her deceivers and the idle chains with which they supposed she was secured in their bondage, forever, a blind, insensate, stolid victim, incapable of feeling or resenting an injury. She has undeceived them. It was she who began, who struck the first blow which consigns her wrongers and their party to the dust. It was in Pennsylvania, as we long since announced to our readers, that the battle with Locofocoism was to be fought; and it was the election of October which really decided the event of the campaign. When Pennsylvania, of her own will, arose, cast off her chains, and struck Locofocoism the first and fiercest blow, its fate was foreseen, a new spirit was infused into the other States, and the present result became inevitable.

Brave old Pennsylvania! She is the author of this great and unequalled victory. She has not only avenged her own wrongs, but she has saved the republic from grievous sufferings and many perils. She has stood up for the rights of her own children to be protected in their labor and enterprise, and thereby for the rights of all men of toil and of business all over the country. She has stood by the country—its honor, its interest, its freedom, its republican virtues. She has shown the same fidelity of attachment, and did the same good service, which she showed in the *first* revolution of '76. Brave and faithful Pennsylvania! how great is the debt of gratitude which all true citizens of the States now owe you.

Melancholy Accident.

We are pained to learn that Mr. George Bear, residing near Arendistown, in this county, whilst engaged in feeding a threshing machine on Thursday last, had his arm caught in the gearing, and so much injured that it was found necessary to amputate it above the elbow.

Fatal Affray.

On Tuesday last a fight occurred near Leesburg, Cumberland county, between two brothers by the name of Whitesell, and three brothers named Brown, in which knives were freely used. One of the Whitesells was killed on the spot, and the other so badly injured, that his recovery is considered doubtful. The Browns were also severely wounded. They were all laborers at the Big Pond Furnace. The quarrel had no connection with politics, but arose from an old feud. The deceased left a wife and one child.

☞The majority for Taylor in the City of New York on Tuesday, was 9,799, and in the City of Philadelphia 5,390. The majority for Cass in Baltimore was but 523!

Our Paper.

Our last number commenced the 49th year of the "Adams Sentinel." We feel constrained to return our thanks to our patrons, for the very liberal support we have received, and mention that its condition was never more prosperous than it is at present. As the election is now over, we shall turn our attention to making the "Sentinel" an interesting and useful vehicle of information for our readers, and lend our feeble aid to cheer the winter evening. We should be pleased to furnish the paper to "a few more of the same sort" that are now on our subscription list.

☞The "Star" of Friday pays a very deserved compliment upon the President of the County Committee, A. R. Stevenson, Esq, for his indefatigable efforts during the two campaigns through which we have just passed.—Having had ample opportunity of observing his zeal, we cheerfully endorse the commendation.

Ah! My Lads!

The official return for Franklin county shows a majority for Taylor of 807—whilst "Little Adams" gives 814—seven ahead. We would just remind our brethren over the hill, that we shall expect them to "fork over" that small matter they owe us, and not "talk so big" after this, when the "Young Guard" is in the field. You do very well generally, but this time it was K. K.

☞By-the-way, we received no "Repository" last week. We have been so long accustomed to its familiar face, that it appears like being deprived of the visit of an old friend. We found out, however, friend Denny, without it, that we had ————you know what.

Sudden Death.

On Saturday afternoon last, Mr. Henry Heagen, residing about two miles from Gettysburg on the Baltimore road, fell dead from his chair. He had been complaining somewhat during the day. He was in his 63d year.

Great Robbery at Washington.

The National Institute was again robbed on Thursday last of the gold and diamond snuff-box presented by the Emperor of Russia, as well as the diamond necklace, valuable coin, &c., that were stolen before, and so mysteriously recovered from Baltimore. They have made a general sweep this time, carrying off property valued at $20,000. A reward of 1,000 is offered for the recovery of the stolen articles.

☞The Legislature of South Carolina cast their votes on Wednesday for Cass and Butler Electors. The vote was Cass and Butler 129, Taylor and Butler 27, blank 8.

☞It is said that there never was so much betting at Baltimore on an election, as was on the result of Tuesday in Pennsylvania. Many of the principal office-holders bet largely, and their loose change has fallen into the hands of the Whigs. There was scarcely a wager made that they did not lose.

☞The locofocos were so much chagrined at their small majority in Baltimore, that they made an attack on the Patriot office on the evening of the election, and broke in the windows and doors, &c.

☞The news by the last steamer has somewhat depressed the price of Breadstuffs in our cities.

☞The venerable Albert Gallatin, at our last accounts, was lying in a very precarious condition. He was not expected to recover.

Godey's Lady's Book.

The December number is already on our table, and we must confess it is "hard to beat."—There are 72 pages, being 24 extra, 35 contributors, and 31 engravings, several of which are splendid. One of them is a likeness of Grace Greenwood. The new volume will commence in January, and those desirous of having an elegant periodical, had better send on their orders. The Ladies' Dollar Newspaper is given with the Lady's Book for $3. Mr. Godey's address is "Louis A. Godey, 113 Chestnut st., Phila."

Holden's Dollar Magazine.

The November number of this work has been received. It is certainly a cheap and interesting magazine. Each number contains from 8 to 20 wood engravings. It is published at $1 a year, by C. W. Holden, 109 Nassau st. New York.

Late From Europe.

The steamer America arrived at New York on Thursday, in 12 days from Liverpool.

There has been a further decline in breadstuffs.

Intelligence from Dublin states that O Brien, Meagher, M'Manus, and O'Donoghue, have had their sentence of death commuted to transportation for life. Ireland was in the most deplorable condition, from the failure of the potato and grain crops. The poor continued in a suffering condition from the want of employment.

There had been fresh disturbances in Berlin, Prussia. The troops were ordered out, and a severe contest took place, with considerable loss of life—their opponents fighting vigorously under the shelter of barricades.

Affairs have not yet come to a crisis in Austria. Vienna is still besieged by the Emperor's forces, and the peasantry were flocking into the city in great numbers, to assist in its defence. A sanguinary battle was expected daily. It is not mentioned where the Emperor is at present.

In France the new Cabinet of Gen. Cavaignac had been defeated in a measure before the Assembly. The election for President is to take place on the 25th inst. The candidates were Gen. Cavaignac, M. Lamartine, and Louis Napoleon.

Human Slaughter.—There were sixty battles fought during the revolutionary war; thirty-eight during the last war with Great Britain: and thirty-two in all, during the late war with Mexico.

"OLD ZACH HAS COME!"

☞"*THE LONG AGONY IS OVER!*" And **Zachary Taylor** and **Millard Fillmore** have been chosen the President and Vice President of the United States.—It appears to be beyond a doubt that they have carried the following States, which will be 17 Electoral votes more than required—146 being necessary for a choice:

Pennsylvania,	26
New York,	36
Maryland,	8
New-Jersey,	7
Delaware,	3
Massachusetts,	12
Vermont,	6
Rhode Island,	4
Connecticut,	6
Kentucky,	12
North Carolina,	11
Tennessee,	13
Georgia,	10
Louisiana,	6
Florida,	3
	163

☞CASS and BUTLER have succeeded in the following States:

Ohio,	23
Virginia,	17
Maine,	9
New Hampshire,	6
Michigan,	5
Illinois,	9
South Carolina,	9
Alabama,	9
	87

☞The other States to hear from cannot affect the election, and may probably all go for Cass and Butler.

MAKE WAY FOR THE GALLANT "KEYSTONE!"

☞She has covered herself with glory, and saved the country!

☞Here was the battle-ground, and nobly have we triumphed!

ELECTION IN PENNSYLVANIA.

REPORTED MAJORITIES.

Counties.	Taylor.	Cass.
Adams,	814	
Allegheny,	3521	
Armstrong,		110
Berks,		4399
Beaver,	301	
Bucks,		217
Bedford,	20	
Blair,	1001	
Butler,	215	
Bradford,		727
Cambria,	——	——
Carbon,		292
Chester,	580	
Centre,		895
Columbia,		1098
Cumberland,	164	
Crawford,	——	——
Clarion,		864
Clinton,		187
Clearfield,		120
Dauphin,	1454	
Delaware,	649	
Elk,	——	——
Erie,	1350	
Fayette,		405
Franklin,	807	
Greene,	——	——
Huntingdon,	615	
Indiana,	——	——
Juniata,		33
Jefferson,	——	——
Lebanon,	1133	
Lancaster,	5338	
Lehigh,		219
Lycoming,		398
Luzerne,		794
Mercer,		39
Mifflin,		39
Monroe,		1314
Montgomery,		587
McKean,	——	——
Northampton,		1060
Northumberland,		493
Perry,		727
Phila. City,	5389	
" Co.,	4331	
Pike,		597
Potter,	——	——
Schuylkill,	1239	
Somerset,	1855	
Sullivan,		147
Susquehanna		697
Tioga,	——	——
Union,	1413	
Venango,	——	——
Westmoreland,		1950
Washington,	75	
Warren,	——	——
Wayne,	——	700
Wyoming,	——	79
York,		290
	32,274	19,137

☞Taylor's majority, thus far, 12,837!

New York.—The majority for Taylor will probably be 70,000. The Whig Governor, Lieutenant Governor, a large majority of the Legislature, and THIRTY-THREE Whig and one Free Soil members of Congress are elected, out of the thirty four. This is what may be termed "sweeping the board."

Connecticut.—The majority for Taylor is 3,327.

Massachusetts.—Majority above 23,000.

New Jersey.—Majority above 3,000.

Maryland.—Majority 3,336.

Tennessee.—Majority 6,000.

Kentucky—Majority very large.

North Carolina.—Majority from 3 to 4,000.

Louisiana.—Majority not yet ascertained.

☞The Legislature of New York is three-fourths Whig. This will give that State its first Whig U. S. Senator. The late election has been indeed "a glorious victory" all around!

Official Returns of the Election in Adams County.

	Taylor.	Cass.	Van Buren.
Gettysburg,	247	144	6
Cumberland,	144	99	2
Gettysburg,	391	243	8
Littlestown,	108	92	
Oxford,	90	53	2
York Springs,	344	153	6
Millerstown,	243	144	
Berlin,	95	118	
Menallen,	256	120	6
Hunterstown,	133	129	
Franklin,	204	113	
Conowago,	72	75	1
Heidlersburg,	91	56	
Mountjoy,	113	71	2
Mountpleasant,	136	111	
Hampton,	95	98	
Abbottstown,	87	53	
Freedom,	63	25	
Union,	54	108	
	2576	1762	25

☞Taylor's majority, 814.

The Next House of Representatives.

The returns from New York of the Congressional elections settle the complexion of the next House of Representatives beyond all doubt, and insure a respectable Whig majority. The changes which have already occurred in the Senate, taken in connection with the support that may be relied upon from the Locofoco side of the chamber, are sufficient to secure the passage of all the important measures of public policy, such as the Tariff, Internal Improvements, the prohibition of Slavery in the Territories of California and New Mexico, and such other questions as the condition of the country may require.

In relation to the Tariff, it is the duty of the present Whig House of Representatives, at the opening of the next session, to repeal the present Bill, and to pass one, based upon the principles of the act of 1842; viz: specific duties and direct protection. This is demanded by the embarrassments of all the great industrial interests, and in obedience to the sentiment which has just been expressed through the ballot-box. If the recent election has settled—positively and emphatically settled—any one point of political policy, it is, that the Free Trade experiment must be abandoned, and that domestic policy must be protected. This was *the* great and absorbing question, and was so urged and admitted every where.—*N. Amer.*

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour,	- -	4 87 to 5 00
Wheat,	- -	1 00 to 1 06
Rye,	- -	58 to 60
Corn,	- -	50 to 54
Oats,	- -	25 to 30
Beef Cattle,	- -	4 00 to 6 00

MARRIED,

On the 2d inst., by the Rev. J. Sechler, Mr. B. Franklin Zimmerman, of Baltimore, to Miss Anna M. Renshaw, daughter of James Renshaw, Esq, of Littlestown, Adams county.

On the 29th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Witmer, Mr. John Lilly, of York county, to Miss Harriet Kepner, daughter of Mr. Levi Kepner, of Berwick township, Adams county.

On the 2d inst. by the Rev. Mr. M'Cachren, Wm. S. Coblean, Esq. of Carlisle, (formerly of Gettysburg,) to Miss Mary E. Macfarlane, of Newville.

On the 24th ult. by the Rev. J. A. Murray, Mr. Israel Lupper, of Perry county, to Miss Mary Jane Fleming, of this county.

COMMUNICATED.

DIED.—On the 9th ult. in East Hanover, Lebanon county, Pa., in the triumphs of the Christian Religion, Mr. Moses R. Zimmerman, late a member of the Sophomore Class, Pennsylvania College, aged 23 years 4 months and 4 days.

In the death of Mr. Z. the Church has lost one of her most promising members. He was naturally talented, and very studious. His good disposition and noble traits of character caused him to be universally beloved, esteemed and respected. He was dear to his fellow students, and instructors. Never will his memory be erased from our minds. We deeply mourn his departure. The autumnal evening breezes call to remembrance many pleasant hours.—The silent midnight watch still often seems to bring to our ears his fervent prayer. But he has gone, gone to the Spirit world. It is true, we mourn his death, yet not as those that have no hope. Our loss is his gain. He died "the death of the righteous." Not only his last words, but also years of very intimate acquaintance, leave not a shadow of doubt as to his readiness. 'Be ye therefore also ready." This is the only true comfort his mourning parents, brothers, sisters and friends have. Although this cheering consolation, unmingled with a doubt, is a balm for our wounded hearts, still our tears will flow over his bier and water his grave, until the shadows of death will hush these weary bodies to sleep, and our souls rise on angel's wings to a world of bliss, where the friendship that was here begun shall be renewed, and be lasting as eternity. E. S. H.

COLLECTORS, TAKE NOTICE.

THE Collectors of Taxes in the different Townships of Adams County, are hereby notified that they will be required to settle up their duplicates on or before *Saturday the 30th day of December next*—on which day the Commissioners will meet at their office to give the necessary exonerations.

☞As funds are required to meet the immediate demands against the County, the Collectors will be expected to use all possible diligence towards an *immediate* collection of their assessments, and to pay the amount realized into the Treasury, *on or before the November Court.*

A. HEINTZELMAN,
JACOB KING,
J. G. MORNINGSTAR. } *Comm'rs.*

Attest.—J. Aughinbaugh, *Clerk.*

Nov 13. td

DIVIDEND.

Bank of Gettysburg,
November 7, 1848.

THE President and Directors of this Institution, have this day declared a Dividend of

Three per cent.

payable on or after the 13th inst.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Cashier.*

[Nov. 13] 3t

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be offered at Public Sale, by the subscriber, on the premises,

On Saturday the 25th November, inst.,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Henry Eckenrode, Peter Hummer, Wm. Yetts, and others, containing

36 *Acres of Patented Land,*

22 Acres of which are cleared. The improvements consist of a

One and a Half Story
DWELLING-HOUSE,

a first rate Double Frame BARN, a small TENANT HOUSE, and a Stable on the side of the Farm. There is a never failing spring, and a never-failing run passing through the Farm.—There is a first rate PEACH ORCHARD, and a noble young APPLE ORCHARD.

Any person desiring to purchase such a Tract of Land, is invited to call and examine it.

☞Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day, at which time the terms of sale will be made known by

DAVID SARBAUGH.

Nov. 13. ts

DIVIDEND.

THE Managers of the "*Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company,*" have this day declared a Dividend of

One per cent.

on the capital stock of said Company—payable on or after the 13th of December.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Treas'r.*

Nov. 6. [13] 3t

Grand Jury—Nov. Term.

Latimore—Jacob Greist.
Tyrone—Jacob Pitzer.
Reading—John Kuntz.
Mountjoy—Michael Trostle.
Germany—Isaac Sell.
Franklin—Joseph Hartzell, Adam Biesecker.
Union—Samuel Young.
Borough—Jonas Kreglo, J. L. Schick, George Heck, Geo. Warren.
Hamilton—Geo. W. Baugher, Hugh M'Sherry.
Huntington—Robert Nickell, (of Wm.) John S. Raffensperger, Jacob Gardner, jr.
Mountpleasant—Chas. Smith, Abraham Reever.
Hamiltonban—David Stover, John Biesecker.
Liberty—Lewis Wortz, Henry Welty.
Menallen—John Cashman.

General Jury.

Borough—Joseph Little, David Sweney, John L. Tate.
Latimore—Wm. Coulson.
Liberty—John Martin.
Berwick—Asaph Abbey.
Conowago—Charles Will, Francis Lytle.
Freedom—Abraham Scott.
Cumberland—Henry Lott.
Hamiltonban—Jacob Herriter.
Hamilton—Henry B. Raber, Pius P. Fink, Geo. Winand, John Lynch.
Huntington—John R. Pilkey, Wm. H. Wierman.
Union—Amos Lefever, John Spangler.
Mountpleasant—Jacob Fiezer, Henry Reily, Aaron Watson.
Franklin—Joseph Mickley, Moses Smith.
Straban—Philip Donohue, Robert K. M'Ilheny, David Schriver.
Germany—Ludwick Study, Pius Sneeringer.
Reading—Henry Kauffman.
Mountjoy—Lewis Norbeck, Silas M. Horner, Robert M'Kinney, Samuel Durboraw.
Menallen—Chas. Myers, Francis W. Knouss.
Nov. 13.

☞LADIES!☜

The prettiest Calicoes, Ginghams, &c. in town, are to be found at STEVENSON'S. Go and see them.

Nov. 6.

STOVES AT PUBLIC SALE.

I WILL sell at Public Sale, on *Tuesday of the Court, Nov. 21st*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at my Ware-house, the remainder of my stock of STOVES. A long credit will be given, and the Stoves positively sold.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Nov. 6. ts

ELECTION.

Bank of Gettysburg,
Oct. 9., 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders in the Bank of Gettysburg, that an Election for

Thirteen Directors,

to serve one year, will be held at the Banking-house on *Monday the 20th day of November next.*

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Cashier.*

Oct. 9. ts

NOTICE.

ABRAHAM BROUGH, of Huntington township, having made a voluntary assignment to the subscriber, residing in the same township, of his effects for the use of his creditors, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Brough, to call and settle the same, and those who have claims against him, are requested to present the same to the subscriber.

ISAAC B. TROSTLE, *Assignee.*

Oct. 16. 6t

NEVER BEHIND THE TIMES.

Books and Stationery.

KELLER KURTZ being determined never to be behind any of his competitors, respectfully asks his old friends and customers to call at the Old Stand, opposite the Bank, where may be found at all times, a large and choice collection of Theological, Historical, Poetical, Biographical, Classical and School Books, which will as *usual* be sold

30 per cent. cheaper

than they have *ever* been sold by any *other* establishment in Gettysburg: to test this, I invite purchasers and others to call, see, examine, and judge for themselves. Constantly on hand, Family and Pocket Bibles, Hymn Books, in every style of binding, Blank Books, comprising Ledgers, Journals, Memorandums, Receipt and Copy Books—also, all the Text Books in use in Pennsylvania College, and all the approved Common School Books, which are offered to Parents, Teachers, Students and Scholars at a small advance upon cost.

STATIONERY

as usual, a full and complete assortment. ORDERS for new or old books, promptly attended to.

Oct. 30.

FARM FOR SALE.

BEING desirous of removing to the West, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale,

On Thursday the 23d of November inst.

at one o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

THE FARM

on which he resides, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, six miles from Gettysburg, and one mile from Arendtsville, adjoining lands of Daniel Gitt and David Reecher, and bounded on the west by Conowago creek, containing

80 ACRES.

There are Five Acres of Timber on the farm—the balance in a good state of cultivation.—The improvements are a

TWO-STORY
Weatherboarded House

a Stone Kitchen, a good Barn, a Tenant-house and a Spring-house, over a never-failing Spring. Also,

FOURTEEN ACRES
OF
Chesnut Timber Land,

3 miles from the above farm, adjoining lands of Henry Orner, Jacob Hartman and others.

The above Property will be shown to any person wishing to purchase by the subscriber.—Attendance given, and terms made known by

WILLIAM TROSTLE.

Nov. 6. 5t

SABBATH CONVENTION.

AT the Sabbath Convention held in Chambersburg on the 26th of January, 1848, the undersigned were appointed a Committee to call another Sabbath Convention of the friends of the Sabbath, to meet in the borough of Gettysburg, at such time as they shall deem best. In accordance with the above appointment, the friends of the Sabbath in the counties of Franklin, Perry, Dauphin, Cumberland, York and Adams, are invited to send delegates from towns, districts and churches, to a Convention to be held on

Wednesday the 29th of November next,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the English Lutheran Church, in Gettysburg.

Several Addresses may be expected from Rev. Messrs. Nevin, Sharp, and Morris, Judge Hepburn, A. R. Stevenson, Esq., and others.

Rev. D. D. Clarke,	Rev. J. N. Hoffman,
Rev. W. Phillips,	I. M. Ahl,
Rev. S. Spreecher,	S. Small,
Rev. A. W. Nevin,	Gen. Fetter,

Oct. 30. *Committee.*

☞Editors in Franklin, Perry, Dauphin, Cumberland, York and Adams counties are requested to copy.

VENDERS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDIZE.

THE undersigned, Treasurer of the County of Adams, in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, publishes the following list of Wholesale Dealers and Retailers of Foreign Merchandize within the same County, as classified and returned to him by the Mercantile Appraiser of the County—designating those who have taken out license, and those who have not, for one year from the 1st of May, 1848.

Retailers who have taken out License.

Class.		Sum.
13.	David Middlecoff,	$10 00
14.	Cobean & King,	7 00
14.	J. M. Stevenson,	7 00
12.	George Arnold,	12 50
9.	Samuel Fahnestock,	25 00
14.	George Little,	7 00
14.	Marcus Samson,	7 00
14.	Samuel H. Buehler,	7 00
14.	Keller Kurtz,	7 00
13.	Henry Sell,	10 00
14.	Bucher & Hoover, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	John Weikert,	7 00
14.	Wm. B. Reiley,	7 00
13.	Abraham King,	10 00
14.	David Shull,	7 00
14.	Jesse Houck, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	John Burkholder, (do.,)	10 50
14.	John M'Knight,	7 00
14.	Abel T. Wright,	7 00
14.	Peter Hulick,	7 00
14.	Jacob Hollinger,	7 00
14.	Jesse Cline,	7 00
14.	Jacob S. Hildebrand,	7 00
14.	Charles Spangler,	7 00
14.	John Aulabaugh,	7 00
14.	William Wolf,	7 00
14.	John Ruff,	7 00
14.	John Heagy,	7 00
14.	Abraham Scott,	7 00
14.	Thomas J. Cooper,	7 00
14.	Philip Hann,	7 00
14.	Jacob Lower,	7 00
14.	Peter Mickley, jr.	7 00
14.	Stick & Whitmore, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	Jacob Hafleigh,	7 00
14.	John Nunemaker,	7 00
14.	Isaac Riddlemoser & Co.,	7 00
12.	Wm. & B. Gardner, (liquors,)	18 75
13.	Holtzinger & Ferree, (do.)	15 00
14.	Wm. Kettlewell,	7 00
14.	Jacob A. Myers,	7 00
13.	Jacob Martin, (liquors,)	15 00
13.	Lilly & Riley, (do.)	15 00
14.	B. Sullivan, (do.)	10 00
14.	John Clunk,	7 00
14.	Wm. Bittinger, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	Eichelberger & Hollinger,	7 00
12.	John Miller,	12 50
14.	David White,	7 00
14.	Jacob Aulabaugh, jr. (liquors,)	10 50
13.	Henry Schriver, (do.)	15 00
13.	Sneeringer & Co., (do.)	15 00
13.	George Myers & Son, (do.)	15 00
14.	Edward C. Bishop,	7 00
14.	Ephraim Harner,	7 00
14.	E. J. Owings,	7 00
14.	John Busby, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	Peter Long, (do.)	10 50
	New Stores.	
14.	John Boyer,	7 00
14.	Henry B. Smith,	7 00
14.	J. Busby, jr (liquors,)	10 50
14.	George Minnich, for 10 months,	5 87
14.	Abraham Arnold, for 8 months,	4 67
14.	Wm. C. Stallsmith & Co., 7 months,	4 08

Those who have not taken out License.

13.	David Ziegler, (liquors.)	15 00
14.	Ephraim Zuck,	7 00
14.	James Snodgrass,	7 00
14.	Edward Staley, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	O. P. House,	7 00
14.	H. W. Cauffman,	7 00
14.	David Deatrick,	7 00
13.	Jacob Brinkerhoff,	10 00
14.	John Heagy,	7 00
14.	C. T. Weagley,	7 00
13.	John B. M'Creary, (liquors,)	15 00
13.	David Newcomer, (do.)	15 00
14.	Ambrose M'Farland,	7 00
14.	John Shealy, (liquors,)	10 50
14.	Simon Reader,	7 00

R. G. HARPER,
Treasurer of Adams County.

Treasurer's office, Gettysburg,
Nov. 6, 1848. 3t

CHEAP GOODS!

The Old Stand Still Ahead!

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK

TAKES pleasure in informing his friends and customers that he has been in Baltimore and Philadelphia, and is now in New York, purchasing the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, & MOST FASHIONABLE

Assortment of Goods,

ever heretofore offered in this county, which is now opening at his Old Stand, in

GETTYSBURG, Pa.

CONSISTING IN PART OF

French, English, and American

BROAD CLOTHS,

Pilot & Beaver Overcoatings, Cassimeres, plain and fancy; rich Satin, Silk, and Vestings; Satinets, and Kentucky Jeans, plain and fancy; Flannels, Linseys, Ticking, brown and bleached Muslins, a variety of New Style Calicoes, Mous de Laines; all prices and qualities; Grandarettes, Cashmeres and French Merinoes, plain and fancy Alpaccas and Rhods, Gala Plaids, Pelsin and Thibet Shawls, large Blanket and Merino do., Cloth and Woolen do; also Plaid Cloaking, a large assortment of Dress and Bonnet Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves and Hosiery, a large stock of CAPS, (cloth and glazed.)

GROCERIES

lower than ever before known!

Hardware, Queensware, also Carpeting.

The subscriber deems it unnecessary to state any particular quantity of Goods, as they will show for themselves. As to prices and quality, they will throw into the shade any thing that is *NOW OFFERED ELSEWHERE!!*

☞ As I intend remaining in the Cities some time, I will send an additional supply every few days. I tender my acknowledgments to my friends and patrons for past favors, and respectfully ask a continuance of the same—flattering myself, that, from long experience in business and facilities for purchasing cheap, that I can and will offer strong inducements to purchasers to give me an early call.

☞ **Country Produce** taken in exchange for Goods at Cash prices.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Sept. 25. tf

Quick Sales and Short Profit!

NEW AND CHEAP

CASH STORE.

A. Arnold

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has just returned from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with the largest, cheapest, and most fashionable stock of

ENTIRELY NEW GOODS,

which has ever been offered in this County, and which he will be able to sell at least

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER

than Goods have been sold in this place before, as the most of his goods have been bought AT AUCTION FOR CASH. He would therefore invite all persons in want of Cheap Goods, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he will spare no pains to please those who will favor him with a call.

AMONG HIS STOCK WILL BE FOUND

500 pieces Calicoes,
500 " Bleached and Brown Muslins,
50 " Checks and Tickings,
50 " Broad Cloths,
100 " Cassimeres and Satinets, astonishingly cheap,
50 " Striped, Barred and Plain Alpaccas, all colors,

Woolen and Cotton Flannels, all prices and qualities, 50 pieces Ginghams, 20 do. Carpeting and Oil Cloths, Ladies' Fancy Dress Goods, a splendid assortment, Dress Silks, French and German Merinoes, Irish Linens, shawls, dress handkerchiefs, Linen and Silk pocket handkerchiefs, gentlemen's Cravats and Scarfs, Hosiery, Lacings, Edgings, white goods, black and colored Silk Fringe, Ribbonds, Gimps, &c. &c, in fact, a general assortment too numerous to mention.

GROCERIES.

Best New Orleans Sugar, best Rio Coffee, Molasses, different qualities Teas, Loaf Sugar, Spices, Cigars Tobacco, &c.

QUEENSWARE.

A very large stock of QUEENSWARE, and very cheap.

Sept. 18. tf

WE CAN'T BE BEAT.

READY MADE CLOTHING 30 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN EVER!

TO satisfy yourselves that "some things can be done as well as others," call at

Samson's

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &

VARIETY STORE,

Opposite the BANK, Gettysburg,

where you will find the largest and most fashionable assortment of

Ready-made Clothing,

ever opened in this county, selling for prices that CAN'T BE BEAT IN OR OUT OF THE CITIES. The stock has been purchased in New York AT AUCTION, at CASH prices, and will be sold lower than they have ever heretofore been offered to the public. To test the truth of this, call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

The assortment embraces every thing in the way of Boy's and Men's wear, fine and Superfine Tweed, Cassinet, Cassimere, Cashmeret, and cloth COATS, CLOAKS, and PANTS: Silk, Satin, Cassimere, Cassinet, Cloth, plain and fancy VESTS; caps, cravats, suspenders, shirts, bosoms, suspenders, gloves, stockings, &c. Also, a large variety of fancy articles, jewelry, spectacles, perfumery, combs, razors, purses, umbrellas, guitar strings, &c.

If you want to save 50 per cent. in purchasing your Fall and Winter clothing, call and examine my assortment. I shall fit you out, in a full suit, from head to foot, cheaper than can be furnished at any other Store or Establishment, even IF THEY MUST BE GIVEN FOR NOTHING. Remember SAMSON'S Variety Store in York Street, one door east of Kurtz's Hotel.

Also for sale on reasonable terms, two HORSES, a Carriage, Rockaway, Buggy, Sleighs, Harness, Saddle, &c.

MARCUS SAMSON.

Sept. 25. tf

Jewelry, Watch Guards,

WATCH Chains, Keys, Spectacles, &c. &c. can always be had at the Clock and Watch Establishment of

ALEX. FRAZER.

PERFUMERY, SOAPS, FANCY ARTICLES, TOYS, &c., for sale by

C. WEAVER.

More New Goods at Cheapside!

D. Middlecoff

HAS just received from Philadelphia a splendid assortment of Fashionable Fancy and Staple

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

to which he respectfully invites the attention of the public in general, and the Ladies in particular, and which he is determined to offer cheaper than those who puff and blast the most, can do. He will sell prints at 2 cents—very handsome ones; and fast colors at 6¼, well worth 12½; and M. de Laines 10 cents—such as sold recently at 25 cents; Alpacas for 12½ cents; Oregon Plaids, 12½; Muslins at 3 cents per yard, and other goods at proportionate prices.

Oct. 16. tf

LATEST ARRIVAL.

J. M. Stevenson,

TAKING advantage of another reduction in the prices of goods, has brought to this place

The Cheapest Assortment of

Fall and Winter Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c. &c.,

EVER OFFERED TO THIS PUBLIC.

To particularize is unnecessary,—his stock is full. Purchasers are requested to call and "examine the goods," assured that it will be to their advantage.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds wanted.

Oct. 30. tf

33 per cent. Lower than Ever!

Great Bargains.

George Arnold

HAS just received and is now opening as large a stock of fresh Goods as has ever been offered to the public in this place, and being determined not to be undersold in any article by any establishment, he invites his old friends and the public generally to call and examine, and judge for themselves.

SUGAR—4, 5, and 6 cents per pound.
COFFEE—4, 6, and 8 cents do.,
and every thing in proportion.

Sept. 18. tf

LOOK HERE

J. ARNOLD

Is determined to sell Goods 33 30 per cent. Cheaper than the Cheapest.

Sept. 25.

MORE NEW GOODS.

George Arnold

HAS just received from Philadelphia a large supply of very superior 12½ cent GINGHAMS, and lots of superior 6 and 8 cent CALICOES; together with a great variety of ALPACAS, M. DE LAINES, CASHMERES, PLAIDS, FANCY SILKS, &c., &c., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest—being determined not to be undersold by any establishment.

☞ Please call, examine and judge for yourselves.

Also received, a large lot of GROCERIES, very cheap.

Gettysburg, Oct 23. 4t

Ladies Dressing Goods.

A HANDSOME assortment of rich Silks, French Merino, Oregon and Buena Vista Plaids, plain and figured Silk Warp, and Mohair Alpaca Lustres, French Cashmeres, M. de Laines, Ginghams and Prints, all of the newest styles, in great variety, with trimmings to suit, for less money than ever, can now be had at

D. MIDDLECOFF'S.

Oct. 16. tf

ICE CREAM.

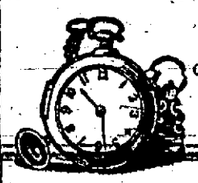
OF the very best quality, and different flavors, can be had, at all times, at WEAVER'S CONFECTIONARY in Chambersburg street. FAMILIES and PARTIES will be supplied with any desired quantity, at the shortest notice. CAKES and CONFECTIONS of all kinds always on hand, and will be furnished to order on reasonable terms.

July 3. tf

FRESH ARRIVAL.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY.

THE subscriber tenders his acknowledgments to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him, and respectfully informs them that he has just received from the city a new assortment of



CLOCKS

OF ALL KINDS—ALSO,

JEWELRY,

such as Rings, Breastpins, Ear Rings, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Guards, &c., &c. ALSO,

SPECTACLES,

and Glasses of all kinds and qualities—all of which will be sold low.

Clocks and Watches REPAIRED, as usual, at short notice. Establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to S. H. Buehler's Book and Drug Store.

ALEXANDER FRAZER.

July 31. tf

APPRENTICE WANTED.

AN APPRENTICE to the Baking and Confectionary Business, in all their branches, will be taken by the subscriber, if application be made immediately by a youth of the age of 16 or 17, who can furnish good recommendations.

C. WEAVER.

July 3. tf

BACON.

JUST received, another lot of *prime HAMS, SIDES, and SHOULDERS*, and for sale at the lowest prices at

STEVENSON'S.

Oct. 2. tf

Fresh Groceries.

SUPERIOR ENGLISH CHEESE, New England Mould TALLOW CANDLES, beautiful as Sperm, *Fine G. A. SALT*, &c. &c., just opened at

STEVENSON'S.

Oct. 2.

WATCHES, of all kinds, will be cleaned and repaired at the shortest notice, at FRAZER'S Clock & Watch Establishment, in Gettysburg.

July 19. tf

TAILORING.

E. & R. MARTIN

AT the OLD STAND, Northwest corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, tender their thanks to their customers for past favors, and respectfully inform the public that they continue to

CUT & MAKE ALL GARMENTS,

in the best manner, and on reasonable terms. The cutting done, as heretofore, by ROBERT MARTIN. Fashions regularly received, and every effort made to secure a good fit and substantial sewing.

The subscribers hope, by their long experience in the business, and renewed efforts to please, to merit and receive a share of the public patronage.

☞ The FALL and WINTER FASHIONS have just been received from the City.

☞ All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for work.

E. & R. MARTIN.

Oct. 23. tf

Not dead yet!—But at it again!

PAINTING.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public, that he is now located in the Alley between North Washington and Carlisle street, immediately in the rear of D. Middlecoff's Store, where he will be prepared, as heretofore, to do all kinds of

Coach, Cloth, & Sign-Painting.

☞ CARRIAGE REPAIRING done at short notice, and on reasonable terms, for which Country Produce will be taken.

The subscriber hopes, by attention to business, and a desire to please, he will continue to receive a liberal share of patronage.

J. G. FREY.

Gettysburg, May 8. tf

GOOD AND CHEAP

IS OUR MOTTO.

Co-Partnership in the Cabinet Making Business.

THE subscribers have entered into Partnership in the Cabinet-making business, at the old stand of Henry Garlach, in South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery—where they will always have on hand, and be prepared to make to order,

Sideboards, Secretaries, Dressing Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads, Wash, Work, and Candle-stands,

and in short, every article belonging to the above business. They will also have on hand CHAIRS of all varieties.

☞ All orders for COFFINS attended to with the utmost promptness.

They also wish the people to bear in mind that they have recently had constructed, for their own especial use,

A SPLENDID HEARSE,

which they will use whenever desired to do so.

The subscribers assure the public, that all work purchased of them will be of the neatest and most durable character. They superintend themselves the construction of every article, thus being assured that both material and workmanship "can't be beat." Their terms are exceedingly reasonable, as may be learnt by giving them a call.

☞ Country produce taken in exchange for work.

HENRY GARLACH,
DANIEL TRIMMER.

Gettysburg, Jan. 24. 1y

M'Allister's Ointment.

THE following certificates of the valuable properties of M'Allister's Ointment, are worthy the attention of the afflicted:

Mr. J. Sargeant—Sir; I write this to inform you of a cure performed of a cancer on my hand, by a box of M'Allister's Ointment. I applied to a Physician, who said it was a rose cancer; he gave me medicine without effect. I saw the ointment advertised, and bought a box from you, which has entirely cured me. My hand is now as sound as ever it was. I should have said that it took three boxes before it was entirely well.

C. W. ARBUTHNOT.

Pine tp., Allegheny co., Feb. 16, 1847.

READ THIS.

I certify that I have used M'Allister's All-Healing Ointment, or the World's Salve, for a Boaling in my wife's breast, which has given her incalculable benefit—Also, on one of my children for sore eyes, which gave immediate relief. I therefore recommend it as a good medicine.

PARKER REED.

Hopewell tp., Washington co., (Pa.) March 29, 1847.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that I have used M'Allister's All-Healing Vegetable Ointment, for coldness of my feet—also, for rheumatism in my limbs and corns on my feet, and have been entirely relieved.—Believing it to be a good medicine, I do not hesitate to recommend it in the above complaints.

LEONARD VAILE.

Morris tp., Wash. co. Aug. 21, 1847.

READ THIS CERTIFICATE!!

Philadelphia, Dec. 29, 1847.

To James M'Allister—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in making known to you the great benefit I have received by using your Vegetable Ointment or the World's Salve. I had an ULCER, or RUNNING SORE on the EAR, of many years standing, I had applied to several physicians, but all to no purpose; but by using your ointment a few days, it was completely dried up and well. I have used it for BURNS, for which I find it an excellent article; also, in all cases of inflammation.

EDWARD THORN.

I certify that the above statement is true.

M. C. CADMUS, No. 90 Market st., Phila.

CERTIFICATE.

This is to certify that by the application of M'Allister's All-Healing Ointment, received from Stephen Culbertson, agent for Shippensburg, a perfect restoration of hair on the bald part of my head, is caused by using half a dozen boxes.

J. C. OWENS.

Pastor of 'Church of God,' Shippensburg. March 29, 1847.

CONSUMPTION.

We do not say it will cure every case of Consumption, but we do say that persons afflicted with this dreadful disease, can obtain great relief by using M'Allister's Ointment, and in many cases a perfect cure.

Around the box are full directions for using M'Allister's Ointment for Consumption, Liver Complaint, Erysipelas, Tetter, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, broken or sore Breast, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Oppression, Pains, Nervous Afflictions, diseases of the Spine, Headache, Asthma, Deafness, Earache, Burns, Corns, all diseases of the Skin, Stiffness of the Joints, Swelling of the Limbs, Sores, Rheumatism, Piles, Cold Feet, Chilblains, Ague in the face, &c.

Aged persons find great relief by using this Ointment freely. JAS. M'ALLISTER.

Sole Proprietor of the above medicine.

CAUTION.—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James M'Allister is written with a pen upon every label.

There is no mineral in this Ointment.

☞ *Read the directions around the box attentively, and keep them for future reference.*

☞ PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. ☜

AGENTS—S. S. FORNEY, Gettysburg; Joseph R. Henry, Abbottstown; Mutter & Rowe, Emmitsburg; J. W. Schmidt, Hanover; C. A. Morris & Co., York; L. Demig, Chambersburg.

April 24. eowly

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he still continues to carry on the FOUNDRY BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old establishment, in the Western part of Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand all sorts of

HOLLOWARE,

such as Kettles, Pots, Ovens, Skillets, Pans, Griddles, &c. of all sizes; also, *STOVES* of every size and variety, including Common, Parlor, Air-tight and Cooking Stoves—among them the far-famed HATHAWAYS.

To Farmers he would say, he has on hand an excellent assortment of

THRESHING MACHINES,

Hovey's celebrated Straw-cutters; the renowned Seyler Ploughs; also Woodcock's and Witherow's; also, Points, Cutters, Shares, &c.

BLACKSMITHING is carried on in its different branches, by the best of workmen.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS ALSO OPENED A

BOOT & SHOE SHOP,

in the South end of the Foundry Building, where, with good workmen and excellent materials, the neatest fits and best work will be made.—

☞ Ladies will be waited on at their residence.

All of the above mentioned articles will be sold as cheap, for Cash or Country Produce, as they can be had any where else. All orders will be promptly attended to.

☞ Repairing, of all kinds, done at the shortest notice.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, May 8. tf

Freights from Philadelphia.

REGULAR LINE OF CARS.

THE subscriber runs a Regular Line of Burthen Cars between *PHILADELPHIA AND YORK*, for the Transportation of all kinds of Freight to or from York and the adjoining Counties.

Prices of Freight on Merchandize generally, 30 cents per hundred.

Groceries or Hardware, when 6000 lbs. or more, 25 cents per hundred.

Coffee, if 6000 lbs. or more, 20 cents per hundred.

Salt per sack, 30 cents per hundred.

☞ All kinds of Freight to Philadelphia solicited and carried at low rates.

Warehouse in Philadelphia, at No. 365 Market street.—A. L. GERHART, *Agent.*

Warehouse in York at Rail-Road Depot, adjoining F. A. & S. Small.

HENRY KAUFFELT.

York, April 20. tf

NEW WINE & LIQUOR STORE.

M. & A. HAY,

WOULD respectfully make known to the public that they have opened a WINE AND LIQUOR STORE in the house formerly kept as Hay's Tavern, *Sign of the Indian King*, on the south side of Main street, a few doors west of the Market House, and adjoining the residence of Charles A. Barnitz, Esq. in the Borough of York, where they will constantly have on hand for sale a choice and well selected as sortment of

Wines, Brandies, Gins

RUMS, WHISKEYS,

CORDIALS AND BITTERS

of all qualities and prices.

☞ M. & A. HAY respectfully invite those who may need articles in their line to give them a call, as they are confident that they can please them both as regards quality and price, great care having been taken in the selection of their stock.

York, Feb. 23. tf

Its Works Praise it.

Burns, Scalds, and all kinds of Inflamed Sores cured.

TOUSEY'S UNIVERSAL OINTMENT, is the most complete Burn Antidote ever known. It instantly, (and as if by Magic,) stops pains of the most desperate Burns and Scalds. For old sores, bruises, cuts and sprains, &c., on man or beast, it is the best application that can be made. Thousands have tried, and thousands praise it. It is the most perfect master of pain ever discovered. All who use, recommend it. None can tell how soon some of the family will need it.

Boatmen, Livery men, Farmers, and all who use horses, will find this Ointment the very best thing they can use for collar galls, scratches, kicks, &c. &c. &c., on their animals.

Piles Cured!—For the Piles, Tousey's Universal Ointment is one of the best remedies that can be applied. All who have tried it for the Piles recommend it.

Burns and Scalds Cured.—Thousands of cases of burns and scalds, in all parts of the country, have been cured by Tousey's Universal Ointment. Certificates enough can be had to fill the whole of this sheet.

Violent Bruises Cured.—Testimonials on testimonials in favor of Tousey's Ointment for curing bruises, have been offered the proprietors. All persons should try it.

Scald Head Cured.—Sores or cases of scald head have been cured by Tousey's Ointment—Try it—it seldom fails.

Sal Rheum Cured.—Of all the remedies ever discovered for this most disagreeable complaint, Tousey's Universal Ointment is the most complete. It was never known to fail.

Chapped Hands can be Cured.—Tousey's Universal Ointment will always cure the worst cases of chapped hands. Scores of Persons will state this.

Sore Lips Cured.—For the cure of sore lips there was never any thing made equal to Tousey's Ointment. It is a sure cure for them.—Try it.

It is a scientific compound, warranted not to contain any preparation of Mercury.

☞ For sale by

SAMUEL H BUEHLER,
General Agent, Gettysburg; and

S. Berlin, Littlestown; E. J. Owings, M'Sherrystown; Lilly & Riley, New Oxford; Wm Bittinger, Abbottstown; Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; H. S. Miller, do; D M C White, Hampton; Ephraim Zuck, New Chester; J. Brinkerhoff, Fairfield; A. Scott, Cashtown; Thomas M'Knight, M'Knightsville; Peter Mickley, Mummasburg; J. F. Lower, Arendtsville, John M'Knight, Bendersville; E. Staley, Centre Mills; J. S. Hollinger, Heidlersburg, Dr. Stewart, Petersburg; A. & J. Wells, Wellsville; and D. Newcomer, Bragtown.

Feb. 7. 1y

CASH WANTED.

I AM in need of CASH, to meet pressing engagements, and will be obliged to those knowing themselves to be indebted to me, to make payment immediately, and without further notice.

THOMAS WARREN.

Gettysburg, Sept. 4 tf

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. WM. N. IRVINE President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district—and GEORGE SMYSER and JAMES M'DIVITT, Esqs. Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams have issued their precept, bearing date the 23d day of August, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, & to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 20th day of November next*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

BENJAMIN SCHRIVER, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 16, 1848. } tc

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecoff's Store, where those wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berluchy,	Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D.,
" D. Horner,	" C. P. Krauth, D. D.,
" C. A. Cowgill,	" Prof. M. Jacobs,
" D. Gilbert,	" " H. L. Baugher,
	" " W. M. Reynolds.

Gettysburg, July 3. tf

GETTYSBURG

FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE Trustees of the Gettysburg Female Seminary, incorporated by the Legislature, have re-opened the Institution, under the care of Miss M. CAMPBELL, as instructress. A few pupils will be received, in addition to those now in the Seminary.

Reference may be had to either of the Trustees, who are Rev. S. S. Schmucker, D. D., Rev. J. C. Watson, D. D., Professor Baugher, J. B. M'Pherson, Esq., J. A. Thompson, Esq., Dr. D. Horner, J. B. Danner, Esq., Hon. M. M'Clean, and R. G. Harper.

Gettysburg, Feb. 7.

COACH MAKING.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors respectfully informs the public that he continues the *COACH-MAKING BUSINESS*, in all its various branches, at his Old Stand in York street, (formerly Buckingham's) where he has on hand, and will manufacture to order

CARRIAGES,

Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials, and by the best of workmen. ☞ Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH.

Gettysburg, April 20. tf

Sickness in Children.

AND the suffering which they undergo from "worms," often tend to a fatal termination, while the CAUSE is never suspected. Offensive breath, picking at the nose, grinding the teeth during sleep, starting in sleep with fright and screaming, troublesome cough, and feverishness, are among some of the prominent symptoms of the presence of Worms. A timely use of

Sherman's Worm Lozenges

will immediately remove all these unpleasant symptoms, and restore to perfect health. Sister Ignatius, Superior of the Catholic Hall Orphan Asylum, has added her testimony in their favor, to the thousands which have gone before. She states that there are over 100 children in the Asylum, and that they have been in the habit of using Sherman's Lozenges, and she has always found them to be attended with the most beneficial effects. They have been proved to be infallible in over 400,000 cases.

CONSUMPTION,

Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest may be cured. Rev. Darius Anthony was very low from Consumption, Jonathan Howarth, the celebrated Temperance lecturer, was reduced to the verge of the grave by raising blood. Rev. Mr. Dunbar, of New York, the Rev. Mr. De Forrest, Evangelist, in the western part of this State, Rev. Sebastian Streeter, of Boston, the wife of Erasmus Dibble, Esq, in Moravia, and hundreds of others, have been relieved and cured by a proper use of

Sherman's Cough Lozenges,

and no medicine has ever been offered to the public which has been more effectual in the relief of those diseases, or which can be recommended with more confidence. They allay all itching, render the cough easy, promote expectoration, remove the cause, and produce the most happy and lasting effects.

HEADACHE,

Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Seasickness, Despondency, Faintness, Cholic, Spasms, Cramps of the Stomach, Summer or Bowel complaints, also all the distressing symptoms arising from free living, or a night of dissipation, are quickly and immediately removed by using

Sherman's Camphor Lozenges.

They act speedily and relieve in a very short space of time, giving tone and vigor to the system, and enable a person using them to undergo great mental or bodily fatigue.

RHEUMATISM,

Weak Back, pain and weakness in the Breast, Back, Limbs, and other parts of the body, are speedily and effectually relieved by SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER, which costs only 12½ cts. and is within the reach of all. So great has become the reputation of this article, that one million will not begin to supply the annual demand. It is acknowledged to be the best strengthening plaster in the world.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION.

Dr Sherman's Poor Man's Plaster has his name with directions printed on the back of the plaster, and a fac simile of the Doctor's written name under the directions.

Price 25 cents per box.

☞ For sale by

SAMUEL H. BUEHLER,
GENERAL AGENT, GETTYSBURG; and

S. Berlin, Littlestown; E. J. Owings, M'Sherrystown; Lilly & Riley, New Oxford; Wm. Bittinger, Abbottstown; Wm. Wolf, East Berlin; H. S. Miller, do.; D. M. C. White, Hampton; Ephraim Zuck, New Chester; J. Brinkerhoff, Fairfield; A. Scott, Cashtown; Thomas M'Knight, M'Knightsville; Peter Mickley, Mummasburg; J. F. Lower, Arendtsville; John M'Knight, Bendersville; E. Staley, Centre Mills, J. S. Hollinger, Heidlersburg; Dr. Stewart, Petersburg; A. & J. Wells, Wellsville; and D. Newcomer, Bragtown.

Feb. 7. 1y

LAW NOTICE.

James G. Reed,

HAS left Pittsburg, designing making Gettysburg his permanent place of residence, and to pursue there the practice of the Law. He has made arrangements with his father, JOHN REED, Esq., of Carlisle, to have his aid and assistance in all such cases as may require it. He will be found at all times at his Office, on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" office

April 10. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE South East Corner of the Franklin House, formerly occupied as Sheriff's Office, by Geo. W. M'Clellan, Esq.

Dec. 23. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door west of George Arnold's Store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John M'Conaughy, Esq. deceased.—He solicits, and by prompt and faithful attention to business in his profession, it will be his endeavor to merit confidence and patronage.

☞ D. M'CONAUGHY will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

AGENT AND SOLICITOR

For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington, on application to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, April 5.

Whoever wants a first-rate Time-Piece,

CAN be accommodated by calling at FRAZER'S Clock & Watch Establishment, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, next door to Mr. Buehler's Drug Store—where a new lot of beautiful 24 hour and 8 day CLOCKS have just been received from the City. They are of the best manufacture, and will be warranted. Give us a call—they will be sold cheap.

July 19. tf

Shepherd's Sarsaparilla

IS a compound preparation, for the cure of Diseases of the Blood, Coughs, Colds, Rheumatism, Scrofula, White Swelling, &c. &c.—There being 32 doses in a bottle, which costs only 75 cents, it is the cheapest and best medicine now in use. Most of the Cough preparations cost from fifty cents to one dollar per bottle, and contain only from 10 to 15 doses.—This Sarsaparilla is effectual in its operation, and does not vomit or purge. Shepherd's Cough Candy, for Coughs, Colds, &c. Price 12½ cents per package. For sale by the Proprietors Agent,

KELLER KURTZ.

May 1. 1y

SILVER AND GERMAN SILVER PENCILS, VIOLIN STRINGS, &c., of best quality, can always be had at the Fancy Store of

C. WEAVER.

WRIGHT'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

EVERY day is this celebrated medicine extending the sphere of its usefulness, and every year adding to the long catalogue of its triumphs.

A MILLION OF BOXES

are distributed annually without fully meeting the demand! For some time past, the sales have been limited solely for the want of facilities of supply! Truly this is a universal remedy!! Unheralded, these Pills have found their way into the remotest corners of the Union, every where proving their title as

The Poor Man's Friend—Sick Man's Hope—the marvel and blessing of the age.

For a trifling sum, every individual and every family may have

HEALTH INSURED

to them for an indefinite period; and what is life without health but a miserable existence?

It is too precious a boon to be tampered with, by trying all sorts of experiments upon it.—The sick should use those medicines only which experience has shown to be best.

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

[From Catskill, Greene County, N. Y.]

DR. W. WRIGHT—Dear Sir:—I have found your INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS a valuable remedy in cases of General Debility of the system, and in all BILIOUS disorders. I am also in the habit of recommending them to Females in peculiar cases. I observe them to operate in the system without producing debility or pain, leaving it in a healthy condition.

JOHN DOANE, M. D.

June 20, 1848.

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE.

[From Norton Hill, Greene County, N. Y.]

DR. WRIGHT:—We have used and sold your INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS for three years past, and do not hesitate to recommend them to our friends and customers, as the best family medicine in use.

N. & L. RAMSDELL.

Testimony of another Physician.

The following is an answer in reply to a note from our agent, asking Dr. Bouton's opinion of this medicine:

TUNKHANNOCK, Aug. 29, 1848.

MR. A. DURHAM—Dear Sir:—In reply to your note of yesterday, I would state, that I have occasionally found it convenient to use the various "Patent Pills" vended in the shops; and while I am unwilling to say any thing to depreciate the value of others, I am free to confess that I consider Dr. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills superior to all others with which I am acquainted. I have used them for many years, both in my own family and in my practice generally, and they have uniformly proved mild, certain and safe in their operations. The care and skill with which these Pills have been hitherto manufactured are, in my opinion, a sufficient guarantee for like good results in future.

Very respectfully,

B. A. BOUTON, M. D.

Dr. B. is a practitioner of long experience, well known in and even beyond the lines of Wyoming county. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and highly popular with the people among whom he resides.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

Remember, that the original and only genuine Indian Vegetable Pills have a written signature of WILLIAM WRIGHT on the top label of each box.

The genuine is for sale by J. M. STEVENSON, sole agent for Gettysburg; and by agents in all parts of the State.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st. Phila., 288 Greenwich st, N. Y., and 198 Tremont st. Boston.

Oct. 16. 1y

For Rent,

A SMALL FARM, situate in Germany township.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Oct. 9. 4t

ELEVEN CENTS PER POUND

WILL be paid for WALNUT KERNELS, at C. WEAVER'S Confectionary, in Gettysburg, Pa., if delivered dry and in good order. Persons disposed to attend to the matter, can realize good pay for their trouble, by securing the Walnuts immediately, before the season has passed.

Oct 23. tf

☞ The following letter from Major JACK DOWNING, though written before the election, will be read with satisfaction after it:

MAJOR DOWNING DISCOURAGED.

Private report to James K. Polk, President of America and his part of Mexico, and would a been President of the whole of Mexico if he hadn't give up one-half of it.

TELEGRAPH WIRES, Oct. 31, 1848.

DEAR COLONEL:—I've been stumping it round *all* over the lot for two or three months, tight and tight, for our American friend, Gineral Cass, and as I spose you are very anxious and uneasy to know how it's coming out, I thought I would set down and make out a private report and send it on to you, giving you some of the premonitory symptoms, so that when the afterclap comes, you may be a little prepared for it, and not feel so bad. As I said afore, I've been all around the lot, sometimes by the steamboats, sometimes by the railroads, and sometimes by the telegraph, and when there wasn't no other way to go, I footed it. And I'm satisfied the jig is up with us, and it's no use in my trying any longer; and Mr. Buchanan's speech was all threwed away too. I'm very sure we shall get *some* of the States, but I'll be hanged if I can tell which ones.—There aint a single State that I should dare to bet upon alone, but taking 'em all in the lump, I should still stick out strong for half a dozen at least. I see where all the difficulty is, as plain as day. You may depend upon it we should elect Gineral Cass easy enough if it wasn't for Gineral Taylor; but he stands peskily in the way, jest as much as he stood in the way of the Mexicans at Bony Vista. As for Mr. Van Buren, if he stood agin us alone, we should tread him all to atoms; he could'nt make no headway at all, especially after we got the nomination at Baltimore. Jest between you *and me, I don't think much* of Mr. Van Buren now. I don't believe now he ever *was* a Democrat. I think he only made believe all the time: and I'd bet two to one *he's only making believe now.* I wish the Old Gineral, dear old Hickory that's dead and gone, could be here now to have the handling of him for a little while; if he didn't bring him into the traces I wouldn't guess agin.

But, as I said afore, Gineral Taylor is peskily in the way all over the country. First, I thought I would figure round in some of the strong Whig districts; for, thinks I, if I can make our friends show a bold front for Cass there, it will be such a wet blanket for the Whigs that they'll give it up. Well, I called a public meeting without distinction of party; and I put it to 'em strong for Cass and the Constitution, and California forever. They all listened, and every little while they hurra'd and clapped; and thinks I the tide is turning, I'm going to carry this place all holler, Whigs and all. But when I got through an old rusty-faced farmer, away back in one corner, got up and looked around, and says he—"Three cheers for Zachary Taylor." Thunder and cannon! if there was'nt a roar, set me down for a liar. Why, Colonel, I haint heard nothin like it since the storming of Chapultapec. It took me right off my feet. I see at once the battle was all agin us there, and thought I better make my escape under the smoke of it as fast as possible. At first I felt rather bad about. And then again I thought I ought to have expect it, for I knew the Whigs had voted that Gineral Taylor was a Whig, and had made up their minds to go for him. So I streaked it off for a strong Democratic district; for I found our main dependence must be among our own friends. Here I called a mass meeting without distinction of party, for I was sure we should get up such a roar for Cass that the Whigs would be dumfounded, and be pretty likely to fall in with us. Well, how do you think it worked? I made a rearin speech for Cass; told 'em what a great statesman and great warrior he was: and how he had proved the former by offering to swallow all Mexico, and how he had proved the latter by breakin his sword in a passion; and more than all that, since the nomination at Baltimore he was the best Democrat in the country. And now, says I, my friends, three cheers for Cass, Constitution, and California. Well, they gin three good loud cheers, and I thought that nail was well drove and clinched. Then a blacksmith, with a smutty nose and a leather apron on, gets up and sings out, "Nine cheers for old Rough and Ready!" And, by jingo, it went like a hurricane; full twice as loud and three times as many as the cheers for Cass. I had a good mind to cut and run, and give it all up. But at last I plucked up courage and faced the storm. I called out to the blacksmith, and says I, my friend, when we called this meeting without distinction of party, it was all meant for Gineral Cass, the Democratic candidate, and it's very handsome for a Whig to come here and interrupt us in this way.

"You take me for a Whig, do you?" says he.

"To be sure I do," says I, "You are no Democrat to act in this way."

At this he reddened up, so that the smut on his face turned blacker than it was before, and says he, "I'd have you know, sir, I'm as good a Democrat as you are. My father and mother was Democrats before me. I was born and bred a Democrat; and I mean to live and die a Democrat, but I go for old Rough and Ready, let who will go agin him." Then he called out agin for nine cheers for old Rough and Ready; and the way they roared 'em out was a caution. I see it was no use talking about Whigs and Democrats, I must try some other hook.

So I cruised round on the Free-Soil Territory, and got up meetings, and preached up the Wilmot Proviso hot and heavy, and told 'em Gineral Cass would go for it all his might to the day of his death. Then I thought I would get 'em on the hip in a way they couldn't help giving me a rousing hurra, so I called out "Three cheers for Free-Soil and Gineral Cass!" Well, the three cheers come as quick and as true as Paddy's echo, for it was, "Three cheers for Free-Soil and Gineral Taylor!"

I begun to think the only chance for us was to try to carry the South. So I wheeled about, and turned about, and jumped Jim Crow, in the slave States. I told 'em they must stir round and elect Gineral Cass, or the whole slavery business would be upset; but if they would only elect him they might feel safe, for they had his letters to show that he was in favor of upholding slavery all weathers, and of carrying it into every Territory we could lay our hands on. They all answered me very coolly, that they had much rather trust a straight-forward Southern man, that they knew had no tricks about him, than to trust a Northern man with Southern principles; and they reckoned, on the whole, they should go for Gineral Taylor. As a last chance, I thought I would try to rouse 'em up in old Pennsylvany. So I went to 'em, and told 'em their coal and iron was in danger, and the only way for 'em to save it was to elect Gineral Cass, who would protect it to the bat's end, for he was as good a tariff man as Henry Clay. At that, every one of 'em, Quakers, and Germans, and Dutchmen, and all, put their finger agin the side of their nose, and said, "Friend, we tried a tariff man last time, but we didn't save our coal and iron by it; so we have made up our minds to go for *an honest man* this time—we are going for Zachary Taylor."

By this time I was convinced the game was up, and it was no use to stump it any longer. We've got into the current where we can't help ourselves, and are going down over the Falls of Niagara as fast as we can go; and I hope you and all the rest of our party will be as calm and composed, and considerate, as the Indian that went down over them awful falls a great many years ago. He tugged and pulled his canoe against the current, with all his might, till he found there was no chance left, and then he laid down his paddle, and took up his bottle of rum, and sot down quietly in the bottom of the canoe, and tipped the bottle up to his mouth, and sot and drinked, and took the good of it, till he pitched head over heels down the falls, and went out of sight forever.

Now, my last advice to you, dear Colonel, and to all our friends, and especially to dear old Mr. Ritchie, is to set down quiet and composed in the bottom of the boat, and eat away at the public crib, and drink away at the bottle of the Subtreasury till the 4th of March, when we shall all pitch over the falls together, drinking our last guggle.

I remain your dear friend.

MAJOR JACK DOWNING.

A Noble Deed Nobly Rewarded.—The New York Journal of Commerce says: In the latter part of last summer, a young and only daughter of Mr. Corcoran, (of the firm of Corcoran & Riggs,) of Washington city, was playing with some friends on a wharf, in the rear of the grounds of Captain Charles Williams, at Stonington, Conn., and stepped into a boat which, by some accident, was loosened and drifted from the shore.—The child, frightened at the danger, jumped overboard. Mr. Gordon Smith, a boat builder, who was near by, swam in and rescued her at the last moment of struggling. Mr. Corcoran was in Europe at the time, engaged in business, as is widely known. He has since returned, and we saw last week a letter from him to Mr. Smith, expressing his gratitude, and enclosing one thousand dollars as a testimony of it. This is a reward at once unexpected to the receiver and noble in the giver, doing honor to the heart of the father. Mr. Smith is, we are glad to be informed, a worthy recipient, highly esteemed by all who know him.

On the 25th ult. the coast of Florida was visited by a severe storm, which caused some loss of life and considerable destruction of property. At Tampa only four houses were left standing in the village. All the Government stores, &c., were a total loss. The water is said to have risen almost instantaneously.—There was no recession, but wave was piled on wave, and whole streets swept of houses as it were in a moment. Few of the inhabitants were left with even a change of clothing. It was the most furious tornado ever known in that latitude, but fortunately its track was confined to a narrow scope. Key West, on the south, escaped it altogether, and so did Cedar Keys, on the north, where, it is said, the wind blew in a direction precisely opposite to the track of the tornado.

Several vessels are known to have been lost, on one of which the following passengers perished: Mr. Wm. Gamble, son of Col. John G. Gamble, of Tallahassee; Mr. Bushnell, resident on one of the Keys, but lately of Illinois; Mrs. Butler, a lady under his protection; and a sailor, (name not known.)

Two hundred and fifty years ago, there was not a log hut in all North America inhabited by a white man.

FIRE IN BROOKLYN—LOSS OF LIVES—GALLANT CONDUCT OF A SAILOR.

On Saturday night a fire occurred in Brooklyn, which destroyed property to the amount of sixty thousand dollars. A letter in the Philadelphia Inquirer, speaking of this fire, says:

An act of heroism was performed, during the fire, which deserves the highest commendation, and proves that the man who performed it is cast in no ordinary model. Whilst one of the six story houses was in flames, the startling announcement was made that a woman was asleep in a room in the topmost story, and that all means of escape were cut off by the fire. The moment it came to the ears of a gallant fellow named Carey, an Irish sailor, belonging to the brig Jim, of Galway, then lying at the Brooklyn docks, he, in the most daring manner, ascended the burning staircase, with the purpose of rescuing her, at the peril of his life. He reached the highest story, examined carefully all the apartments, but found no human being. He searched the next story, but no woman was there, and so he informed the crowd below.

Meantime the stair case had fallen, and the gallant fellow's own personal safety was in imminent danger. He had no possible means by which to leave the burning house, but to jump to the ground, and to do that would be to incur certain death. After glancing around him, his mind was made up. He jumped through the scuttle, three stories, and through the flames to the ground.—Every one expected to see him a dead man. The moment he reached the ground he was dragged out, and wonderful to say, all the injury he received was a dislocation of the jaw, from which, with proper medical treatment, he will soon recover. A nobler act of daring heroism and bravery in the cause of humanity, was never performed. Let it go forth that the name of this gallant fellow is Carey.

Dreadful Railroad Accident.—The Telegraph, on Saturday, furnished us with a brief account of the following rail-road accident, which we copy from the Salem Register, of Friday:

At about 10 minutes past 12 o'clock last night, the Marblehead train, with a delegation from Marblehead, who had been over to hear Gen. Cushing, and the train from Lynn, with a delegation from Salem, to join the torchlight procession in Lynn, came in collision. The shock was terrible, breaking the Marblehead engine and tender, and the first passenger car into a thousand pieces, and damaging the forward end of the second car. Not less than six of the passengers in the Marblehead train, are already dead—and others are dreadfully injured, some of whom, it is said, will probably die of their wounds.

The conductor, engineer and fireman of the Marblehead train were somewhat injured. The engine of the train from Lynn was considerably damaged, and the tender broken up—the engineer was slightly injured, and two or three passengers who were standing on the platform of the forward car, were badly bruised, but no person in the cars received injury. The following is as correct a list of the persons killed, as we have been able to obtain: Samuel Manning, of Marblehead, a young married man; Nathaniel W. Roundy, of do.; John George Stevens, of do.; John Cross, of do., about 15 years, the son of a widow; Hy. Trelrey, about 20, son of the cashier of Marblehead Bank; a lad by the name of Russel. Among those wounded were a son of Capt. B. Brown, who had both legs broken; Franklin Curtis, broken leg; Thomas Clothey, collar bone broken; Seth Hathaway, badly bruised; Moses Hill, Esq., all of Marblehead—and others whose names we have not heard.

A Man on Fire.—During the thunder shower on Sunday evening, the lightning performed a very remarkable exploit in Rutland. The facts as we have them from Mr. J. G. Kendall, of this city, are, that a Frenchman in the service of a Mr. Fletcher, of Rutland, having occasion to be out during the shower, was struck by a shaft of lightning, knocked down and severely stunned. After the lapse of a little time, the man recovered his senses, and found his way to the house, where it was discovered that his face was blistered, and one of his pockets on fire! It was a most singular occurrence, and a most remarkable escape.—*Worcester Telegraph.*

Remarkable Rescue.—The Boston Transcript states that on Friday evening, as the Dorchester and Milton train was starting on its way from the Old Colony Depot, a female having a child of two years of age in her arms, attempted to jump from the platform of the depot to the cars. She missed her footing, and with the child, fell between the cars.—With great presence of mind a young man, named Clarence A. Dorr, of Dorchester, immediately sprung to her assistance, and seizing her by the hair sustained her in that position until her shrieks and the shouts of the passengers reached the ears of the engineer, and he stopped the train—at a fortunate moment, it would seem, as but a moment previous the woman's hair gave way, leaving masses of it in the young man's hands. The child fortunately rolled into the middle of the track, and the train passed over it safely; and mother and child were taken into the cars, and proceeded on their way.

All Germany, north and south, is in the agony of a terrible and bloody revolution, and Europe on the verge of general war, and awful convulsion of every element of society.

BLOODY TRAGEDY IN ARKANSAS.

A dreadful affray took place at Yellville, Marion county, Arkansas, on the 9th ultimo, in which three men were killed and several wounded. The Batesville Eagle of the 17th furnishes the following account of it:

The town of Yellville, in Marion co., was on last Monday week the scene of one of the most frightful and disgraceful rencontres that we have ever known.—We would premise that for many years there has been waged between the Tutts and their friends, on the one part, and the Everetts and their friends on the other, a most deadly feud. The wars between the Montagues and Capulets did not begin to equal it. It seems that a man named Mooney, who belongs to the Everett wing, was badly beaten some three or four weeks since, and that the Everetts and Mooney got up a kind of agreement among themselves by which they and their adherents formed themselves into a regulating party, and declared that the Kings, Shelt, Williams and Hampton Tutt must leave the county.—On Monday they all met at Yellville.—Hampton Tutt has a store there, and was prudent enough to keep out of the way. He knew that a row would be raised, and that they would, if possible, kill him. J. Turner, Esq. spoke there that day, and after the speaking, the two parties, armed to the teeth, had some words and drew up in battle array; but the matter was quieted, and no outbreak took place. Towards evening, and when the people had pretty generally left for home, the fight commenced. A man by the name of Wadkins, of the Everett party, shot down Jack King.—At the same time, Sim. Everett fired at Sinclair and missed him. Sinclair returned the shot, mortally wounding Everett. King's brother was shot at by Bartlett Everett, the ball grazing his shoulder: he, in turn, shot Bartlett Everett dead in his tracks. After Sim. Everett was shot, he gathered a rock and pursued Sinclair; but finding King, who had been shot in the beginning of the fight, he turned on him and mashed his skull in a shocking manner, and expired while in the act. King lived until morning. Wadkins was badly beaten. He was taken into custody, but made his escape that night. It is to be hoped that the people of Marion will unite in putting down these deeds of blood. We fear, however, that the matter is not at an end.

The Elephant and the Apple Woman.—On Friday, while Raymond & Waring's menagerie was passing through Harlem, the big elephant, Tippo Sultan, in a most unpoetic manner encompassed with his enormous proboscis the contents of an old lady's fruit stand, making a mere mouthful of her whole stock in trade. But the most ungracious part of the transaction was, that not content with devouring the poor woman's pippins and gingerbread, his highness had the impudence to break her table and chair, and give the unfortunate bankrupt a toss some 10 or 15 feet out of the road.

An Important Invention.—The Winchester Republican has been shown the model of a furnace, (for which a patent has been taken out,) for the purpose of making malleable iron from the ore. It seems to us to be an invention of great importance to iron manufacturers, calculated to produce a saving of $40 per ton over the present mode. It is the invention of Mr. Lorenzo Seibert, of Shenandoah county, an experienced manufacturer.

A Fence.—We see an account in one of our exchanges, of the marriage, by the Rev. John Gates, of Mr. John Post, to Miss Sophia Rails. If this match don't make a fence of the first quality, we should like to know what will.

The American Railroad Journal calls attention to some interesting English railroad statistics in a late British periodical. It is there stated that the saving on the cattle, sheep and swine, in 1846, by transporting them on railways instead of driving them as formerly, was 41,800,000 pounds! and that the feed saved by the same change was 13,800,000 pounds—which alone would sustain a population of 50,000 people.

Still Another New Pathy.—The last new medical treatment imported from Europe is called *Isopathy.* The principle is to place upon the diseased part the similar organ taken from a healthy animal. If the heart is diseased, the heart of a sturdy bullock is applied as a cure, but it requires a fresh heart daily.

A Monastery in America.—One thousand two hundred and sixty acres of land have been bought in Kentucky for the Trappist Monastery which is to be founded there. About eighty of the members of the order are now on their way from Nantes, and the community will be organized next spring.

Emigration to Texas.—It is a circumstance significant of the times, in connection with the failure of the potato crop in Ireland again this season, that a large number of landed proprietors—upwards of sixty altogether—left Dublin for Liverpool a few days ago, on their way to Texas, where they are about to locate, having purchased a tract of land with the view of forming a settlement. They take out with them a number of their retainers, and upwards of £60,000 in gold.

The Fort Madison (Ill.) Statesman says that an individual has been arrested at Nauvoo upon suspicion of having fired the Mormon Temple. A company have purchased the walls with the design of rebuilding.

LATER FROM YUCATAN.

We take the following from the New Orleans Picayune of the 20th ult.:

The brig Tasso, Capt. Grey, arrived yesterday from Sisal, having sailed the 21st inst. Among her passengers was Mr. David G. Wilds, formerly an officer of the 13th U. S. Infantry. Mr. Wilds left Merida the night of the 20th. He comes over here empowered by the government of Yucatan to raise troops with which to make head against the Indians. The design is to form a regiment of Americans. There are about eighty Americans in actual service in Yucatan, and 150 more have gone thither under Capt. White; but a full regiment of at least 600 men is needed.

With Mr. Wilds we have had a conversation upon the position of affairs between the whites and the Indians. Of late the Indians have generally been defeated in their skirmishes with the whites, but the latter are outnumbered and are unable to make any serious impression upon their foes. From Merida, the capital, the whites are operating in five distinct lines radiating from that centre, towards the territory in the occupation of the Indians, whose headquarters and general rendezvous are Tiasuca, a town far in the interior. In the third and fourth divisions are the Americans serving, of whom we have lately heard as being engaged with great credit to themselves. The city of Valladolid is in the possession of the Indians. It is a place of importance, and formerly of wealth. The fourth division was pushed directly upon that city, and had advanced within sight of it. Having reached Pisoy, the news of the taking of Yaxaba by the Indians arrived, and the division was ordered to fall back. Its headquarters at last accounts were at Izamel, but a considerable garrison was left in Tunkax, Citas and Tenum. The last news is that the Indians were in force in the neighborhood of all these towns, and had made several attempts to carry them, but so far had failed. They are so numerous that a repulse does not dishearten them, but they are now threatening Izamel.—With skillful leaders they would overrun the whole country at once.

The truth, upon the whole, seems to be that the Indians are in possession of the largest and most fertile portion of the country, and that they will retain it until dispossessed by a race superior to that which is now disputing with them the dominion of the peninsula.

Recovered Lake.—A singular accident occurred on the Michigan Central Railway. It became necessary to carry a grading or embankment of fifteen feet high across a low piece of ground, containing about 100 acres, nearly dry enough for plough-land. When they had progressed with the grading for some distance, it became too heavy for the soil to support, the crust of the earth broke in, and the embankment sunk down into *seventy-nine feet of water!*—It appears that the piece of ground had been a lake, but had collected a soil of roots, peat, muck, &c., on its surface, apparently from ten to fifteen feet thick, which had become hardened and dry enough for farm purposes. Mr. Brooks thought it would have supported an embankment of five feet thickness, and that if it had not been necessary for them to have one much heavier, it would have supported the road, and the fact might never have been discovered that it rested on the bosom of a lake.—*N. Y. Star.*

The physicians at Constantinople have recommended the use of figs, with great success, as a preventive of cholera.—This fruit is said to exercise a healing influence upon the stomach and bowels, and is highly useful in diseases which manifest themselves in a derangement of the digestive functions, and commonly precede an attack of the cholera.

Treasure Trove.—A person in England, lately rummaging among his family documents, found written on the back of an old deed some words indicating that a pot of gold was buried in a certain place in the garden. It was at first regarded as a hoax, but on digging up the spot an iron pot came to light, containing 15,000 guineas, and a scrap of parchment much decayed, on which was written, "The devil shall have it sooner than Cromwell."

A Huge Iceberg.—It is said that immense masses of ice are drifting at this time with the currents of the Atlantic, in the direct track of vessels passing between England and the United States. The Blonde, Capt. Crawford, which arrived at Greenock on the 29th, saw one of them on the 5th, in lon. 49 W., lat. 48 N., upward of 600 feet high, and a mile in length, the atmosphere in its vicinity being completely chilled.

Growth of Ohio.—The State of Ohio is now in her 61st year, or rather it is now 61 years since the first white citizen moved into what is now that State—yet she polls a vote approximating to three hundred thousand. The fact abundantly shows the rapid progress of the country.

On Friday week the celebrated horse Trustee trotted *twenty miles in fifty-nine minutes and thirty-five and a half seconds,* in harness, being a feat, in point of time and distance, unequalled in the sporting annals of the world.

☞ *The Physicians* of Smyrna having declared the cholera infectious, Franks, Greeks, Jews, Turks and Armenians have fled in thousands to the neighboring villages and Greek Islands, and complete silence reigns in the streets of Smyrna.

A CAPITAL RAIL ROAD JOKE.

A little incident happened on the railroad between this city and Buffalo last week, which is one of the richest jokes of the season. We find it related in the Buffalo Courier, and tell it in our own way for the shortness. It seems that a gentleman took the 7 o'clock train out of that city, for Syracuse, and having been hard at work during the day, the fatigue caused him to sleep soundly.—On arriving here the passengers always change cars, and did so in this instance except the sleeper, who remained in his seat. Soon the train for the west came in, and an engine was attached to the train just from the west, and were soon on their way to Buffalo. After going a few miles the conductor called for the "Tick-*ets,*" and waking our sleepy friend, demanded his fare, eleven shillings.—This amount was paid, the passenger supposing of course that it would take him to Auburn, and thinking that he was on his way there as fast as steam could carry him.

On the arrival of the train at Attica he was still sound asleep, and did not wake until the conductor over that road called for the tickets. Our friend paid the sum demanded, 93 cents, congratulating himself that the fare between Auburn and Syracuse had been somewhat reduced. In double quick time the train arrived at Buffalo, and the noise and confusion in the depot waked up the sleepy head, and supposing that he had arrived at the place for which he started the evening previous, got out of the cars to seek a hotel. On reaching the platform he stared about—every thing looked familiar—he rubbed his eyes—took another look, and exclaimed to the conductor:

"Well, my friend, I should like to know *where I am?*"

Of course he was set right as to his present locality, when he left the depot muttering to himself,

"Well, this is a pretty business. Last night I took the cars to go to Syracuse, and now find myself at five o'clock in the morning back at Buffalo! If I *ain't* an ass then there never was one."—*Rochester Advertiser.*

LANDS FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL AT PRIVATE SALE,

SEVERAL SMALL FARMS,

the one-half in hand, the balance in payments to suit purchasers, bearing lawful interest.—These Farms are situated in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, Pa.

One has 130 Acres, well improved, part limestone land, for which I will take $10 per acre.

Another 150 Acres, tolerably improved, with a small House and small Barn, at $20 per acre.

Another about 136 Acres, also a small House and Barn, at $18 per acre.

Also, one of 111 Acres, part cleared, but no buildings, at $20 per acre.

Also, one of 50 Acres, no buildings, nor cleared land, except the timber cut off in part.

All these lands are situated on the northern base of the South Mountain, well watered, and of good quality, bordering on the limestone lands of Cumberland Valley.

Persons in Adams and other Counties wishing to buy, I think will do well to come and see them—for *I will sell.*

☞ I will also sell my

FURNACE,

With Ore Banks attached,

& 2,500 Acres of Mountain Land,

GRIST & SAWMILL,

& Farm attached. Also,

A FARM OF **161** ACRES,

with a good Saw-mill, House, Barn, &c., on it. It is located in Mifflin township, Cumberland county, at the southern base of the North Mountain, near Dublin Gap. It is slate land, but well located as regards Timber for sawing. I will take $12 per acre for it. Also,

A Farm of 68 Acres,

part cleared, with a small house. Also,

9 or 10 small Houses and Lots, well suited for Mechanics. The lots vary in size from 1 to 10 Acres each.

T. C. MILLER.

Oct. 23. tf

FOR RENT.

THE Subscriber offers for Rent, from the first day of April next, the

TAVERN PROPERTY,

in South Baltimore-street, Gettysburg, recently occupied by HENRY FORRY.—The location is a good one for a STORE, or public business of any kind. It can conveniently be made to accommodate two families.

An early application is requested.

MOSES M'CLEAN.

Oct 30. tf

HATS—WOOD—CASH.

THE subscriber has on hand a large and fine assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

of every description and fashion, at his old Stand, which he wants to sell at low prices for good pay.

He earnestly requests those indebted to him, to come and settle their accounts, as money is much wanted and he must have it.

He respectfully notifies those who owe him WOOD, that now is the time to use it and sell it, and if not delivered soon, he will certainly require cash in place of it.

☞ Come one, come all!

W. W. PAXTON.

Oct 23. 3t

JUST received and for sale, at the old stand, 8, 10, & 12-4 SHEETING, very Cheap, Also, *PIANO COVERS,* and *MARSEILLES QUILTS*—beautiful articles.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Oct 9. 4t